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Grayford Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

VOLUME FIFTYFOUR

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, FEBRUARY 4, 1932

NUMBER 5

Grayling's 7th Annual Mid-Winter Carnival Feb. 12, 13 and 14

All roads lead to Grayling for this big event

Winter Sports

Governor Brucker will arrive Sunday, February 14th. Our local American Legion Post will tender him a banquet at the Board of Trade rooms at noon, after which he will officially dedicate our new Winter Park.

Legionnaires from all over the Tenth District will convene in Grayling Sunday, Feb. 14th and will hold their meeting here. They will bring with them the famous Bugle and Drum Corps from Big Rapids, thirty-three in number. Their presence here will add a lot of color to our Carnival.

Under date of Feb. 1st, Mr. George Hogarth writes us from Lansing to the effect that the members of our State Board of Conservation will begin to arrive in Grayling Thursday afternoon. They will hold their monthly meeting here on Friday and will leave on Saturday and while here they occupy the cottage of Mrs. H. A. Bauman at Lake Margrethe.

Telegram received Monday morning from Albert Stoll Jr., of Detroit News requests us to mail to him an advanced story pertaining to our Carnival and requests that we reserve room for him at the Inn and that he will arrive on Thursday. Mr. Stoll is one of the foremost writers on the staff of the Detroit News and he is considered an authority on wild life. The Detroit News has cooperated with us in each and every Carnival we have held, have been very liberal in allowing us space in their paper and we are very happy to learn that this year they will again be represented here.

Winter Sports Association held a meeting at the Board of Trade rooms Tuesday evening and completed the final details of the Carnival. The Publicity Committee was authorized to have printed two thousand postal cards to be placed on sale at five cents each. Remind your friends of the Carnival by sending them a card. Cards will be available at all places of business.

The Queen's Ball will be held at the School gym Friday evening, Feb. 12th. Admission one dollar per couple, fifty cents for extra lady and spectators. The Queen to reign over this year's Carnival will be selected that evening by Mr. George Hogarth, Director of Conservation, Mr. P. V. Hoffmaster, Supr. of State Parks, T. F. Marston, of East Michigan Tourist Association, Albert Stoll Jr., of the Detroit News and Mr. Glenn MacDonald of the Bay City Daily Times.

A lumberjack feed will be served continuously, starting at 11:00 o'clock A. M. Sunday at Bauman's dining room, Lake Margrethe, by Mr. James Bugby. Fifty cents per plate.

All business places are requested to display the American flag in front of their places of business for the three days of the Carnival, also trim up their windows in keeping with the spirit of Winter Sports.

We have a large crew at work now rebuilding the slides and getting everything in shipshape for the Carnival and judging from inquiries received and requests for room reservations and cottages we are looking forward to the largest attendance and most successful Carnival we have ever held.

Our Association has authorized the Publicity Committee to place advertisements advertising our Carnival in Gaylord, Roscommon, West Branch, Cheboygan and Midland papers. We are also getting out a very large and attractive poster

WILL ENTERTAIN DIST. LEGIONNAIRES

Grayling American Legion Post No. 106 and the Woman's Auxiliary who are to be hosts to the Legionnaires of the Tenth district at their mid-winter meeting, to be held in Grayling on Sunday, February 14, are busy making plans for their guests' pleasure.

Legionnaires will register at the American Legion Hall on their arrival, and at noon a dinner will be served in camp style by the ladies of the Auxiliary at the Board of Trade rooms. Governor and Mrs. Brucker will be honor guests at the dinner, and the Governor will be the main speaker.

In the afternoon the crowd will be invited to partake in the winter sports at the new Winter Sports Park.

Another big feature will be the appearance of the Big Rapids bugle and drum corps, whom the Legion are securing for that day.

GROUNDHOG DIDN'T SEE HIS SHADOW

No sunshine nor shadows Tuesday, February 2nd and according to tradition Old Man Groundhog will not return to his warm cozy corner where he had been hibernating during the past winter months. Instead he will stay right out in the big open until next winter, and that means, if tradition is to be relied upon, that this winter is over. However, we can't believe that that is the case for as yet we haven't had any winter. That would be quite in contrast with the opinion of the fellow who claimed he didn't know when he had summer here because he had only been here 11 months and hadn't seen any summer yet. Anyway we hope that Old Sausage (ground hog) is right this time and that spring is right around the corner.

BRIDGE LUNCHEON

On Wednesday of last week Mrs. Emil Giegling was hostess at a luncheon of lovely appointments at her home.

Rosebuds and sweetpeas centered the small tables on which the luncheon was served. This was followed by bridge, the high scores being held by Mrs. Esbern Hanson and Mrs. Oscar Schumann.

For distribution. These posters will be available to you in the event you wish to send one to your friends. They can be secured at the Avalanche Office.

BASKET BALL Fri., Feb. 5



Grayling H. S.
vs.
Cheboygan H. S.

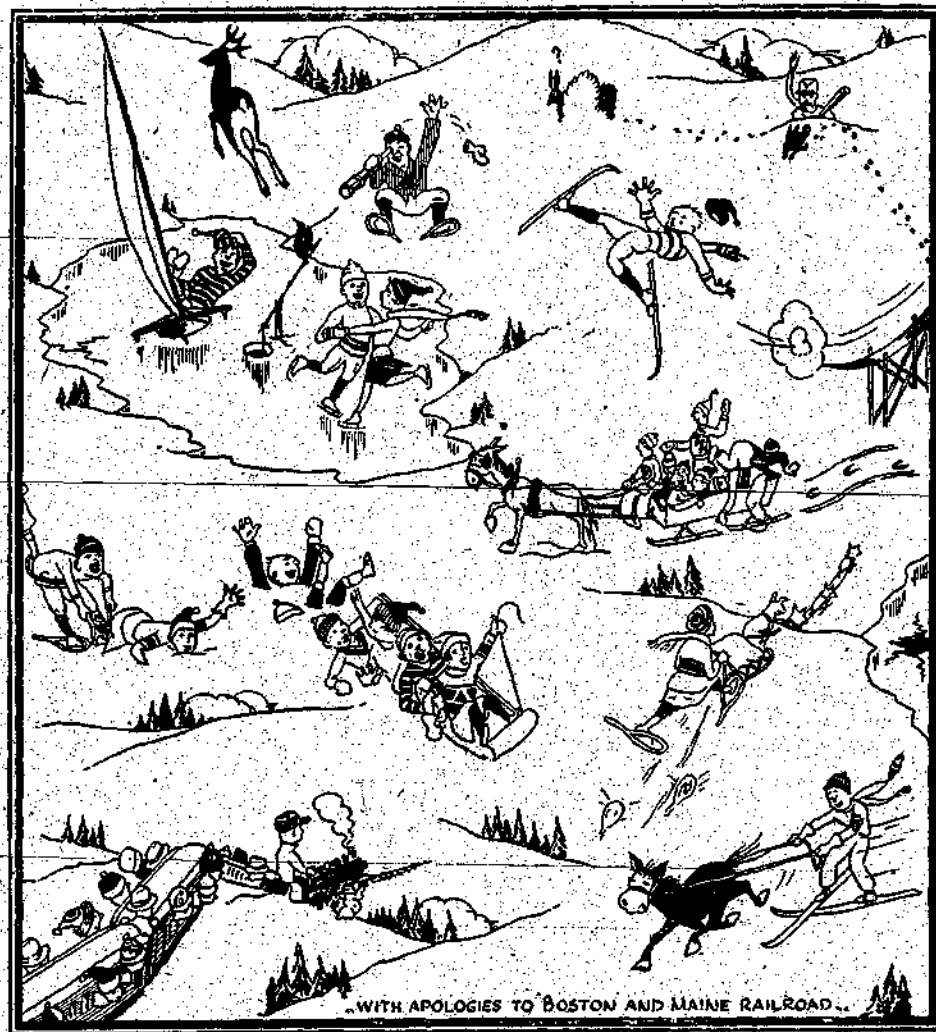
QUARTRBOARD

... for beauty and utility

Quatrboard fills to perfection hundreds of building needs. Its ready adaptability and its warm, rich beauty recommend it wherever economical and lastingly satisfactory wall surfacing is required, whether in new construction or in remodeling. Somewhere in your home—from basement to attic—there is a place for it. Try it once—then you will recognize its immense superiority.

GRAYLING BOX CO.

PHONE 62



DISTINGUISHED VISITORS TO BE HERE

Thousands Await Time for Winter Sports

Seventh Annual Winter Sports Carnival February 12th, 13th, and 14th, opens with the Queen's Ball at the High School gymnasium Friday evening, February 12th at which time the Queen will be selected by a Committee of newspaper reporters from Detroit and Bay City. Admission to the ball \$1.00 per couple; fifty cents for extra lady and spectators. Everyone is requested to be dressed in Sports Clothes.

Saturday night at 10 o'clock the Queen will be crowned by Mr. George R. Hogarth, Director of Conservation and the Carnival will then be officially opened. Music by Grayling Band.

Governor Brucker will arrive on Sunday and will be given a banquet by our local American Legion Post, after which he will be escorted to the Winter Park, and deliver the dedication address and will officiate at the crowning of the Queen for this day who will be chosen from the crowd present. The Big Rapids Bugle and Drum Corps consisting of thirty-three members will escort the Governor to the Park.

Sporting events will start at 2:30 Saturday, February 13th. All entries for the sporting events will close at noon February 13th. Contestants may enroll their names at the Club house.

The new Winter Park is located on Johnson Hill, Hanson State Military reservation, midway between Grayling and Lake Margrethe about one and one half miles west of Grayling. The elevation is approximately 1300 feet and from the top of the Scenic Tower one can plainly see the Hartwick Pines, Lake Margrethe, AuSable River, Aviation Field and Grayling—also get a magnificent view of the valley below.

Three slides are being built 1,860 feet in length each. The troughs are of solid ice and are arched over with evergreens, lighted with colored lights and lined with trees. A power conveyor has been installed for hauling toboggans up the hill and a cat-walk has been installed for pedestrians. Semi-pro. skii jump has been erected. The skating rink is 85 feet wide by 275 feet long, lighted with eight flood lights of 125 candle power each.

The entire park will be lighted with 1000 candle power lights.

Lumberjack Feed will be served at 50c per plate.

Grayling invites you to come and inspect the new Winter Park, enjoy three wonderful days in the great out-of-doors and be a part of our Annual Winter Frolic.

"Where everyone plays"

G. H. S. TRIMS ST. MARY'S

There seems to be some doubt about the exact score, but at least Grayling won and St. Mary's lost. One basket was in question. The score board and one scorer made the decision 21-18. If the basket didn't count it was 21-16. It makes no difference—it was a good ball game in any light.

The Northern Lights basketballers made it two straight from the Gaylord parochials, with last night's decision on the Gaylord floor winning up the series with a decidedly Grayling viewpoint. The boys made a determined fight for this game, trading by a basket at the end of each period, but with the McCoy clan right in there battling to the finish and at one time managing a score, early in the third period. The score was 8-8 at the half. The third quarter found the board marking 16-14, and the last eight minutes

saw some furious milling around, while St. Mary's tried desperately to stage a winning rally and still unable to quite achieve their purpose. Both teams tried plenty hard, and the locals weathered the storm because they held their heads and their grip on the leather to better advantage. The crowd—Grayling fans arrived too late to witness the fray, for the most part—got a big reaction and decidedly didn't antihuse about the spectacle of seeing Grayling cop any sort of contest. They booed heartily as Sheehy tossed in a free throw to give the Lights a three point margin and the victory.

Tomorrow night the team takes on the Cheboygan Avalanche and a nice battle ought to be the result. The invaders won their game with Grayling on their low-ceiling court by an 18-24 margin.

St. Mary's—18.				
Player	Pos.	FG	FT	PF
Szymanski, F.		2	0	1
E. McCoy, F.		2	0	1
F. McCoy, C.		3	6	0
I. McCoy, G.		2	0	0
Kwapien, G.		0	0	1
Total		9	0	3
Grayling—21.				

Player Pos. FG FT PF
Sorenson, F. 2 0 0
Gothro, F. 4 0 0
Dawson, C. 0 0 2
Harrison, G. 2 0 0
Sheehy, G. 2 1 0
Total 10 1 2

WOMAN'S CLUB NOTES

Jan. 25, 1932

The tenth regular meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Emma McCullough.

Members responded to roll call with "Famous statues and their sculptors."

Following regular business, Mr. Moffat gave a splendid report on "American Sculptors" and had a variety of interesting pictures to pass around. Special reference was made to John Quincy Adams Ward, Daniel Chester French, Augustus Saint Gaudens, Gutzon Borglum and Anna Vaughan Hyatt.

Dwan Ingo, declaring that the world can get along without wars, rouge and lipstick, wait might have added gloom to the list—Hamilton (Ont.) Spectator.

LUMBERJACKS 21 TRAVERSE CITY 29

The Traverse City "Eagles" flew to victory over the Lumberjacks last Friday night at the local gym to the tune of 21-29 in a show that kept the locals stepping, and dividing their season's standings 50-50, 4 won and 4 lost.

The first quarter the Lumberjacks kept in pace with the visitors, forcing them to exhibit their wares in order to maintain a short margin.

The first half ended 9-12, with the "Eagles" on top.

The second half started with a bang and saw-sawed back and forth with each team leading at intervals, adding to the excitement and warning the defeat the Jacks handed them last season, that they would have to break loose with something. At this phase of the fracas, Core, towering center scored three times that set the Eagles in the lead and from there on it was Traverse all the way. Neal, local forward, contributed some beautiful side shots from mid-floor that proved to be the most scintillating aspects of the scrimmage.

HEAP MUCH FUN AT TACKEY PARTY

About 32 couples attended the Tackey dance that was held at the Board of Trade rooms Saturday night for the benefit of Winter Sports. Nearly everyone came dressed, as was suggested, and some very amusing costumes were worn. Miss Marjorie Woods of Bay City was costumed in a calico dress for which she claims to have paid 19 cents; for a necklace she wore a string of wienies and carried a muff that was a loaf of bread that had been hollowed out. Ernest Olson was dressed like a little boy with golf knicker and straw hat and he was a regular cut-up all evening and he helped to make the party a big hit by his clever stunts.

Those who failed to dress in their old clothes were fined a small sum. At twelve o'clock the crowd enjoyed lunch. The music was furnished by the Winter Sports orchestra and was better than ever.

RED CROSS OFFERS HELP HERE

Miss Stuart, state director for the National Red Cross was in Grayling Monday and Tuesday. She said that the organization was of the opinion that assistance might be needed here, since our citizens lost so much money in the failure of the Bank of Grayling, and later in the Roscommon and Bay City banks, and for other general reasons due to the so-called depression. She made a thorough canvass of the local relief agencies and such organizations doing charity work and reported that everywhere there was a feeling that we were ably handling the situation and did not require the assistance offered by her organization. She commended the spirit of the Grayling people for their attitude, and gave assurance that in case the time came when we needed outside assistance that the Red Cross could be relied upon.

The National Red Cross is in a similar way keeping in touch with situations all over the United States where their aid may be required. Miss Stuart served in France and other countries for the Red Cross during the World war and during the early years following the armistice, and her experience has been very extensive and interesting to those who are fortunate to hear her tell of her work. Certainly the Red Cross is an organization that stands high in the esteem of the American people and also the people of every other land.

ENTERTAINS WITH BRIDGE PARTY

One of the loveliest parties of the winter season was given by Mrs. Jennie Alexander at her home Wednesday evening.

Some thirty-six ladies and gentlemen responded to the invitation. The rooms were made attractive with sweetpeas and potted plants. Nine tables were filed for bridge, the tables being cleverly decorated. High scores were held by Mrs. Marius Hanson, Miss Margrethe Bauman, Mrs. Marius Hanson and Mr. M. A. Bates. Mrs. C. C. Wescott of Ypsilanti was an out-of-town guest.

Some people are already wondering how many comic valentines Uncle Sam will get from debtor nations he has befriended—Washington Star.

SCHOOL NOTES

All was quiet on the line of battle this week, which is but another way of saying that the second semester began without a lot of trouble, up in the school house.

Classes met as usual Monday and work began at once. This is a startling contrast to the start of a new semester in many schools, where confusion and trouble feature the first week and regular routine goes by the board. A rare degree of cooperative spirit is required; and Grayling's school system came through in fine style. Of course there was a variety of details to work out. Classes were changed from room to room as necessary to utilize space to the best advantage. Some conflicts of schedule were found, and a few who had acquired failures were distressed and found it hard to formulate new schedules. The mortality rate over the exam period was pretty small however and so it wasn't hard to adjust matters to take that into consideration.

The basketball team suffered the most—and then not so badly. They made a long hard trip to Alpena and somewhere enroute lost their gunning optics. The result was that Alpena's unbeaten aggregation went crashing through to another victory. It wasn't that Grayling didn't have chances—it was only that the boys weren't getting the chance to register on the scoreboard. And so they had the long hard trip back to make with very little to compensate them for the journey.

Tomorrow night the Cheboygan Avalanche will storm the local floor and attempt to make it two straight over-Grayling. On their floor they won by an 18-24 count. A good game should result.

Last night the local tossers went to Gaylord and tied into St. Mary's again.

Increasing Taxation

(Address by TOM CONLIN, Crystal Falls Diamond Drill, before Michigan Press Association at Annual Meeting at East Lansing, January 22, 1932.)

(Part Two)

Here are a few facts about tax rates and valuations that I wish you to remember in connection with what I have to suggest later on in this paper.

In 1914 the average tax rate in Michigan was \$18.37 per thousand dollars of valuation; in 1930 the average rate was \$31.53.

In 1914 the township in Michigan with the lowest valuation was Greenbush township in Alpena county with a valuation of \$50,940; in 1930 the township with the lowest valuation was Sheridan township in Gladwin county with a valuation of only \$18,800.

In 1914 the township in Michigan with the greatest valuation was Hamtramck in Wayne with a valuation of \$31,376,168. This township was later incorporated as a city. In 1930 the township with the greatest valuation was Grosses Point with \$117,515,783.

In 1914 the county with the lowest valuation was Oscoda with \$1,300,000. In 1930 this county was still the lowest in valuation but it has been boosted to \$2,215,170.

Wayne was the county carrying the greatest value in 1914 when it was assessed at \$630,613,132; it was still high in 1930 but its value was up to \$4,686,848,916. The total valuation of the state has more than doubled in the period under consideration. What this business slump will do to these high values remains to be seen but it's certain that when we get completely through the wringer we'll be an odd specimen compared with what we were in 1930.

Now, it doesn't take any philosopher to convince you that these things can't continue; that eventually our tax burden is going to swamp us. The question is "what are we going to do about it?" We've had commissions appointed and hearings held, we've had tax remedies of all kinds suggested but so far nothing has been done. How long can this condition last?

In my opinion it will last until some relief plan is agreed upon that can get by the legislature or meets the approval of the people on a referendum.

Most of our tax reformers forget that changing our tax system is a very important affair; that some minds have to meet upon the subject and that no particular plan or scheme is liable to be adopted just as presented. What the reformers of our taxing system need to keep constantly in mind is that no matter how scientific or worthy a plan may be.

(Continued on next page)

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE
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NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSOCIATIONSUBSCRIPTION RATES
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Three Months .50
Outside of Crawford County and
Roscommon per year \$2.50THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1932
CHURCH SERVICES TO MARK
OPENING OF BICENTENNIAL
CELEBRATION

When America goes to church on the three days preceding George Washington's birthday this year, it will be to open "unofficially" a celebration never paralleled in all history—a celebration in which those who participate will honor themselves in doing honor to a nation's founder.

Officially scheduled to open February 22, the nationwide Bicentennial Celebration of George Washington's birth will nevertheless be inaugurated unofficially in religious services throughout the entire country during the three days just preceding that date. On Friday, February 19, those whose Sabbath begins at sundown on the sixth day of the week will honor the memory of Washington in their regular devotional services. The following day, Saturday, others will observe the Sabbath in similar manner, and on Sunday all other religious groups will hold divine services paying tribute to the Father of his Country.

As is pointed out by the United States George Washington Bicentennial Commission, which has been co-operating with and assisting the churches of the nation as well as all other groups in preparation for this great event, these religious services leading up to the official opening of the Celebration are most appropriate. Given this devotional aspect to start with, it will more than ever impress the American people with the great principles and motives underlying this tribute to the Great American.

With features provided especially for observance in the home, the school and the church, the Celebration will unite America in a far more impressive and lasting tribute than ever could be accomplished by the most spectacular display of national wealth, power and achievement. Every person living in the United States must be impressed at this time, if never before, with the debt of gratitude to George Washington. The opportunity is now being given him to express that gratitude in a national demonstration designed for the participation of every individual in the country.

The United States Bicentennial Commission has been in communication with all of the 232,000 church groups in the United States, and the enthusiasm expressed by church leaders indicates that all are desirous of taking an active part in the Celebration.

Crying Baby Court Subject
Charging that a tenant had become a nuisance by allowing a baby to cry for five hours a day, a landlord in Shoreditch, England, went to court to have the tenant and baby ejected. Judge Crier decided for the baby and parent, saying: "I cannot take evidence that it is cruelty for a baby to be left to cry. It is the best way to teach them to sing alone. Germans regularly leave their babies alone for three nights to cry and then they are all right."

Who was Who?
By LOUISE M. COMSTOCK

ALICE BEN BOLT

THERE'S "a slab of the granite so gray" in one of those tiny old cemeteries just off the main automobile highway two miles east of Tazewell, Va. Under which, they say, "Sweet Alice" lies, the same timid, brown-haired Alice of that familiar song, "Ben Bolt." It doesn't matter that the name carved on the tiny old stone is not Alice, but Olivia, for Olivia Wythe, a girl who lived in an old brick house just up the road from the cemetery and died there early in the nineteenth century. The country has long cherished the legend that Alice and Olivia were the same girl.

The story is an old one, of the country girl of sheltered life who fell in love with the stranger with the city ways, this time an itinerant music master, who was engaged to teach her the not unromantic art of playing the melodeon. There were plans for a wedding, the father's departure to "make arrangements," the girl's loving dreams over her troupe and the fatal letter revealing the perfidious music master to be already married and a man of considerable family. Olivia died, as a true heroine of the period must, of broken heart.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS
BY A. H. GANESER

What Price Selfish Greed?
Human nature changes but little through the ages. Hence the human problems in all ages, have been very similar. Self preservation is the first law for all living creation. Self improvement is the proof of progress for every generation. History records, that wealth and luxuries have ever tended to make men lazy and effeminate. The worship of the golden calf and the pleasure-mad chandeliers of ancient empires, delivered them to poorer and more rugged neighbors. The modern world, with its quick means of communication and its crowded areas, tries diligently to get away from the age-old urge for war and conquest. For two thousand years Christianity has taught us to "love our neighbors, even more than we love ourselves." Yet into that same period have come the greatest catastrophes of war, human slaughter and much property waste. Back of them all stood the primitive urge of greed, fear, vanity and jealousy. The same urge that induced Cain to kill his brother Abel, because he coveted his brother's acres and herds, ages ago, brought on the World War. In our own day, statesmen and diplomats asked, as Cain asked of old: "Am I my brother's keeper?" The modern world has learned to sugar-coat its bitter medicines for human ills, whether personal or national. But beneath all the fine words and rich phrases of international diplomacy in these modern days, we find the age-old selfish motives. We are unfortunately still far from the real "brotherhood of man, and parliament of the world." Advancing civilization with all its education and invention has served mainly to make modern war more terrible and destructive, alike of human beings and the product of their inventive genius and toil. So in this hour, the world may well ask: "What price glory?" "What price modern war?"

Humanity Learns From Adversity.
Fortunately we find in a perusal of world history, and human progress, that the human race has gained most from the lessons of adversity. Manmade calamities made them ever forsake false gods. Plagues and pestilences, scourges which they had no control, made them search for real abatement and prevention. Necessity has ever been the mother of invention. So in this hour of world-wide readjustment following the world's worst war and greatest manmade calamity, we find most of the world busy studying their world problems, as never before. Our own America in this hour is looking back to find the causes for existing conditions, and looking hopefully forward to early solutions of these new and complicated problems. For just as modern society has become more complex and our personal needs more imperative, even so our personal and national problems have become as complicated as they are now. Birth rates are falling off in the Christian world, but men live longer. So world population continues to increase. Time was, when college theorists wrote much about the time when the earth would become so full of people there would not be food enough for them all. And the time some set in as seriousness, was within a hundred years or so. Today one of America's troubles rests in the solemn fact, that one third as many farmers, as we used to have, raise more food than we and our best foreign customers can consume or buy. We have a surplus in wheat, corn, meat, potatoes, beans, tomatoes, and the like; in dairy and poultry products. We would gladly sell this good food at very reasonable prices, but the hungry folks in Europe and Asia cannot buy. Some immediate adjustment is necessary between producer and consumer, world wide. The era of war inflation, stock gambling and dreams of easy money has given way to the fundamentals of human progress, taught best in time of adversity. America and the Christian world are going back to first principles. Peace and reconstruction are in order.

Americans Are Waking Up.
Clearly our own country is going through exactly the same experience of older empires and older civilizations. Like them, we have chased gold bubbles far afield. We have overlooked the good things nearer home. Distance to comfort and luxury loving people, has ever lent much sought enchantment. But when days of adversity came, they had to get back to earth. Industry, thrift and enterprise were found to be the only old reliables. Slowly but surely America is waking up to the fact that we are still the richest and happiest country in all the world. That the rules of business and commerce that may be good for the congested and time-eaten countries of the Old World, may not be best for us. Just possibly our vanity has gotten the best of us along some lines, while a suppressed inferiority complex has done us harm in other directions. Time to face hard, cold facts. Time to realize that ours is a self-contained continent. That our people will ever be happiest and most prosperous, when the American business dollar is busiest right here at home. In times of adversity, world wide, the law of self preservation must come first. In 1908, when a world wide business depression was also hurting America, William McKinley warned against panic-stricken resort to make all things cheap. Cheap men made a cheap country. There was no occasion for this new world imitating the cheap poverty-stricken trend in Europe and Asia. The martyr president's word is timely counsel for Michigan and America today. Above all things

Rialto Theatre
(GRAYLING)

PROGRAM
Saturday, Feb. 6 (only)
Lionel Atkins and Linda James Dunn and Sally Eilers Watkins
in
"SILENT WITNESS"
Galloping Ghost, No. 11.
Sunday and Monday, Feb. 7-8
Marie Dressler
in
"EMMA"
Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy
News—comedy Fables

First Wireless Valve

Was Edison Discovery
Many years ago Edison was experimenting with electric lamps, trying to discover how the blackening of the inside of the bulb came about in those of the old carbon type. He found that if a plate of metal was sealed into the bulb and electrified positively, a current passed through the vacuum from the filament to this plate. He noticed that the current always traveled from the filament to the plate; nothing could make a current pass in the opposite direction.

He thought nothing of the discovery, and no use could be found for it, for it was many years before wireless was to be heard of.

Before we can hear anything of wireless signals the waves must be rectified. Each wave consists of a push of current in one direction followed by a pull in the other. Rectification means straining out the pulls and leaving only the pushes. All early methods of doing this were complicated and unsatisfactory.

Then Prof. J. A. Fleming had an inspiration. He made the first wireless valve in which a filament and a plate were placed in a vacuum inside a glass bulb.

The Edison effect was harnessed, for the valve would respond only to the pushes and automatically eliminated the pulls. But for the invention of the valve there would have been no broadcasting today.—London "Tit-Bits."

Edison Dragged From Workshop to Wedding

Thomas A. Edison was so preoccupied with his laboratory work that he nearly missed his second wedding. This was recalled by Mrs. Franklin Ives, whose father, the late Benjamin Franklin Card, was associated with the great inventor for more than 30 years, says an article in the Brooklyn Eagle.

"The story of Edison's second wedding was one of my father's favorite recollections of him," Mrs. Ives said. "Edison was hard at work on a problem in his laboratory just before the wedding. He had become so preoccupied that he had quite forgotten time."

"Fifteen minutes before the appointed hour his 'best man' found him there utterly absorbed. He begged the inventor to dress and hurry to the wedding. Edison protested that he was on the verge of a great discovery and couldn't possibly leave. Finally, almost by main force, his 'best man' succeeded in dressing him and getting him to the church—a little late and still preoccupied, but at least acquiescent."

Old Society of Mariners

Records seem to indicate that the corporation of Trinity house, London, was originally a society of English mariners founded by Sir Thomas Spert with headquarters at Deptford, says an article in the Montreal "Daily Herald."

There is no doubt that it obtained its first charter from Henry VII in 1514 and was authorized by Queen Elizabeth about half a century later to erect beacons and other marks on the coast for the guidance of sailors. Its duties today are concerned with the management and maintenance of lighthouses, lightships, beacons and buoys, and the supervision of pilots. It owns a fleet of 10 vessels. The corporation has four special flags, the Master's flag, the Ensign, the Jack, and Barge, all of which bear the four ship's symbol of Trinity house.

Awesome Hjordland Fjord

A short summer cruise among the fjords of Norway will sometimes bring the tourist to the Hjordland fjord, twenty-five miles long and two miles wide in parts. Here he will see some of the most impressive scenery in Europe, for the immense Solundfjord Alps raise their peaks about the rock-rimmed waters, Norwegian and English climbed year after year gradually conquering the heights, but the grandeur is not diminished, and at twilight, the effect is awesome. When Norway was elected to the "Black Death" in the Middle Ages the entire population of the fjord perished, and the present inhabitants are chiefly descendants of Swedish immigrants who came to fill the houses left vacant.

else, he wanted the American market for American products from mines, forests, farms, fisheries and factories. Given these, America could not fail to be prosperous, despite the drift in the Old World. So today we have the nationwide movements to buy home products. Buy Michigan best sugar; Michigan coal; Michigan lumber; Michigan canned goods; Michigan bread; Michigan dairy and poultry products; Michigan motor cars, trucks and tractors; Michigan furniture, and the like. Then will we help to restore prosperity where it will do us the most good.

WASHINGTON NOTES AND COMMENTS

(By Congressman Roy O. Woodruff, Tenth Michigan District)

To those who are becoming impatient with the cost of Government, may I offer a few facts that are intended to be informative with respect to the Federal Government, whose revenues it should be remembered are not derived from direct taxation on farms and homes, but are derived wholly from indirect taxes in the form of customs duties on imports and internal revenue excise taxes, and in the form of income and estate or inheritance taxes.

Starting though it is, statistics show that seventy cents out of every dollar raised for the support of the Federal Government go to pay for past wars and to prepare ourselves against international complications in the future. The combined cost of the Army, Navy and Veterans' Administration is a responsibility that the several state governments are not obliged to provide for or assume. The States have no branches of their Governments to correspond with the War Department, the Navy Department and the Veterans' Administration.

Whether we are outright pacifists or in favor of reasonable preparedness, the Government cannot evade its obligations to those who have been called upon in the past, or who have volunteered to risk or give their lives in time of war. This obligation extends to the dependents of the disabled or dead. Neither can the Government deal with foreign nations as a suppliant for favors, which it would be forced to do if it disregarded entirely a prudent degree of preparedness. There can be no better exemplification of the truth of the last statement than is now being given in China, the one great nation of the world which refused to believe preparedness as a national policy is necessary.

Before speaking of measures that are being taken at this time to effect economies in aid of balancing the budget, let us see where the other thirty cents of Federal revenue goes. The Department of Agriculture appropriations are used in helping to build good roads in the States; to protect wild life; to preserve forests, fight forest fires, preserve the purity and wholesomeness of meat and other food products, experiment with new and improved plant cultures, devise better marketing methods for farm products, etc. Appropriations for the Department of Justice support the Federal Judiciary, the U. S. Attorneys and other law enforcement agencies, their staffs, and enable the various divisions of the Department to prepare and prosecute cases against violators of all Federal laws.

The Post Office Department would be self-supporting if it were not for the long-accepted policy that in the dissemination of news and other printed matter, through the carriage of newspapers and magazines at a loss, the public was willing to assume a deficit that annually must be absorbed on this account. The remainder covers appropriations for the State, Commerce, Interior, Treasury and Labor Departments, as well as the Independent Bureaus, such as the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Tariff Commission, etc.

The Treasury Department not only makes the money in a literal sense in its mints and Bureau of Engraving and Printing, but collects it back through its internal revenue and customs bureaus, and therefore cannot be placed in the same category as the other Departments where the outlay of expense is for service to the people. The service rendered by the Department of Labor at this particular time, through its administration of the immigration and naturalization laws, which includes deportation of undesirable aliens, its Bureau of Conciliation for the settlement of labor disputes, its Bureau of Labor Statistics, its Children's Bureau and its enlarged Employment Bureau, is unusually valuable and of much importance.

Notwithstanding the fact that in the support of these activities, the person who does not pay a Federal Income Tax has no direct part, Congress is now taking steps to curtail the expenditures in every way possible without crippling the effectiveness of its essential functions. For instance, in all the current appropriation bills, a provision has been added denying any increase of pay to employees in the departmental or field service and further prescribing that no new employees may be hired, or promotions made to higher grades, except at the lowest salary obtaining in such grade. Such vacancies as arise in the Government must be filled by readjusting the personnel within the Bureau or Department, or be especially authorized by the President. The Naval Affairs Committee, of which I am a member, voted unanimously in favor of building sufficient naval craft to bring the Navy up to full treaty strength but at the same time agreed to the postponement of new construction work until after the Geneva disarmament conference, which meets shortly, or until the budget can be balanced. Action has been taken also to postpone a part of the public buildings program in Washington pending the balancing of the budget.

The significance of balancing the budget is just this: If the income of the Government is not brought up to a point where it equals the expenditures from current sources, of taxation, the danger of depreciation of its bonds and other obligations is very great; and if on top of the tremendous depreciation of industrial and other bonds that has taken place Government bonds should be permitted to shrink in value, the stability of the entire financial structure would be threatened. At all costs, then, the budget must be balanced, and this Congress is determined to do.

HATCHABILITY OF EGGS

Hatchability of eggs depends more on the breeding of the hens than on the number of eggs they lay, according to poultry experts of the United States Department of Agriculture. Records at the department's experimental farm at Beltsville, Md., show that inbreeding tends to decrease hatchability and outbreeding tends to increase it. They also indicate that high egg production during the breeding season promotes good hatchability, though many poultrymen believe that heavy egg production at this season decreases hatchability.

LEASE GAS AND OIL RIGHTS

Gas and oil rights on 1,866 acres of Midland County state owned land were leased at an auction held by the Department of Conservation at Lansing Friday, January 22.

Of the area leased, 400 acres are in Lee Township and 1,286 are in Jerome Township. All of the area is considered as "wildcat" territory.

The successful bidders were: Shell Petroleum Corp., Muskegon; Muskegon Oil Corp., Muskegon; Michigan Gas and Oil Co., Mt. Pleasant; J. C. Groves, Saginaw; W. J. Sovereign, Bay City; Joseph Russell, Owosso.

THIS NEW BANK SERVICE meets your convenience

WE adopted PROTECTU Bank Money Orders for two distinct reasons:

first—for the added convenience to you of being able to buy money orders where you do your banking.

second—to give you all the protective features and advantages of other money order forms at fees slightly lower than you have been paying.

PROTECTU Bank Money Orders can be purchased for any amount. They have a receipt stub which you can keep, giving you a complete record of your transaction.

You should always have a receipt when money is given for payment.

They are for sale at this bank—another feature of modern banking service for your convenience

GRAYLING STATE SAVINGS BANK

ESBURN HANSON, President. JOHN BRUUN, Manager and Cashier.

Pythagoras the First

The doctrine of the spherical form of the earth has been erroneously assigned to Thales, but he accepted the older conception that the earth was a disk. The discovery that the earth is round was undoubtedly made by Pythagoras. His theory was accepted and taught by Aristotle, whose arguments are substantially those which we employ today.

TO THE OWNER OR OWNERS OF ANY AND ALL INTERESTS IN OR LIENS UPON THE LANDS HEREIN DESCRIBED:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the land lies, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per centum additional thereon, and the fees of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute Proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of Land

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
County of Crawford,
E 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 22, Town 27,
Range 3. Amount paid \$15.71 tax for year 1927.

Amount necessary to redeem \$36.42 plus the fees of the Sheriff.
Arthur Howes, place of business Grayling Michigan.

To Pack Woods & Co., last grantee in the regular chain title of such lands, or of any interest therein as appearing by the records in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County.

TO THE OWNER OR OWNERS OF ANY AND ALL INTERESTS IN OR LIENS UPON THE LAND HEREIN DESCRIBED:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase together with one hundred per centum additional thereon, and the fees of the Sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute Proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of Land:

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
County of Crawford,
NE 1/4, Sec. 8, Town 28, Range 3. Amount paid \$28.96 tax for year 1928.

Amount necessary to redeem \$78.92 plus the fees of the Sheriff.
Arthur Howes, place of business Grayling Michigan.

To Joseph J. Janssen and Sarah Janssen, guardians, last grantee in the regular chain title of such lands, or of any interest therein as appearing by the records in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County.

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CHURCH NOTES

MICHELSON MEMORIAL
H. J. Salmon, Pastor.

Church School—10:00 A. M.
Morning worship—11:00 A. M.
Senior League—8:00 P. M.
Evening services—7:00 P. M.
Intermediate League (ages 10-14)
Saturday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock.

NAVAL PERSONNEL GET GAS INSTRUCTION

Approximately 1600 officers and men, all members of naval aviation units, were recently given instructions and a demonstration in the use of gas masks. The demonstration consisted of five minutes in a gas-filled chamber with a mask, and nine seconds without, to show the protection given by a properly fitted mask in a gas infected area, and that normal activities can be carried on while so protected. After the demonstration all agreed on the subject.—Navy News.

Want Ads

FRESH COW FOR SALE—5 miles East of Frederic. J. S. Skinner.

FOR SALE—Store building in good condition, on U. S. 27. Mrs. Hansine Hanson. 2-4-3

BABY CHICKS—Barrard Plymouth Rocks, Rhode Island Reds, Light Brahmans and S. C. White Leghorns from blood-tested stock. Better chicks at low cost. Inquire Standish Hatchery, Standish, Mich. 2-4-4

SALESMEN WANTED

Man to call on doctors and merchants. Nothing to sell or carry. Our business not affected by depression. Earning about \$60 weekly. No experience. Manager, 3rd Fl., 22 E. Jackson, Chicago. 2-4-2

FARM HOME—Sixty acres of good land; good barn and shed; chicken coop; considerable timber. Only about one mile from Grayling post-office on highway that is open year around for travel. Big bargain; easy terms. Inquire of O. F. Schumann, realtor.

FOR SALE—Sewing by the day or piece. Mrs. John Stephens, Sr. Phone No. 97-FE1.

BROILER CHICKS—Get our new low prices of Barred Rock and Cornish White Leghorn chicks before you buy. Quality up—prices down. All from blood-tested broodstock. Standish Poultry Farm, Standish, Michigan. 1-4-4

FOR SALE—An Orthopedic "Vib" table. In perfect condition with a large number of records. Phone 48-2.

FURNITURE repairing and cabinet staining. Leave orders at Oak & Corty Store. T. G. Lindholm.

TRY OUR
Oven Ready
Buttermilk
Biscuit
They're Delicious
10 Biscuit in Carton
Only 10c
Barrows' Market
Phone 2

Interesting Events In Grayling 23 Years Ago

INTERESTING ITEMS OF NEWS GATHERED FROM THE FILES
OF THE AVALANCHE OF 23 YEARS AGO.

Thursday, February 4, 1909

The Wyckoff house at Peru Cheney was burned last Sunday. It was owned by Mrs. Dangler. Loss probably \$500.00.

Miss Josie Goudrow spent a few days with Mrs. H. J. Osborne at Mackinaw, returning last Saturday afternoon.

The general public is cordially invited to attend a reception in honor of Rev. Fr. Riess at the new parochial residence Saturday evening, Feb. 6th from 7 to 9 o'clock.

The Bay City Y.M.C.A. basketball team, champions of the Saginaw valley, will be here Friday evening to do up the Grayling All City Club. Here is hoping they get left. Every body go and root for our fellows.

We have received from C. E. Marvin the first number of the Columbia Journal of Commerce, which is typographically well-nigh perfect.

R. B. Forbes and wife were called to Durand last week by the death of his sister, Mrs. Northway, who spent most of the summer here.

Five teams and teamsters from one of the north camps of Charles Blanchard are driving through to Resurrection and stopped overnight with Barnes of Frederic. After they had left in the morning, Mr. Barnes found the trappings had been stolen from one of his work horses, and notified sheriff Amidon who rounded up the outfit as they drove into the village. The stolen property was found and identified by Mr. Barnes who was here soon after, and they were glad to pay all costs and damages, getting off for thirty dollars.

Everybody is invited to the memorial service Friday evening, Feb. 12 at the Opera House, in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

Dr. Chapin, a graduate of Ann Arbor has located here and will do his best to look after all patients. He comes well recommended.

Joe Charnbeau was called to Standish last week by the serious illness of his father.

Mr. Kelly is in the south part of the state.

Mr. McDonald is on the sick list threatened with appendicitis, but is improving some.

Charles Wilbur and wife are at Peru Cheney called there by the serious illness of her sister.

aged 63 years.

Lovell's Local (23 Years Ago)

Arthur Lalone, his wife and children were visiting friends here Thursday.

Mrs. Victor Lalone returned Thursday.

W. S. Cral was in town Thursday on his way to Grayling.

Dr. Underhill is filling his icehouse with heavy ice. It looks as tho the Dr. means to keep cool next summer.

On Saturday last, a merry crowd of boys and girls helped Charlie Owen to celebrate his 12th birthday. The birthday cake held 12 candles. Charles lit the candles and then 12 little folks sat down to supper. All had a merry time and left him many pretty gifts and wished him many more happy birthdays.

Mrs. John Schram spent Sunday in Grayling.

Mr. Geo. F. Owen went to Grayling to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hadley.

Mr. James Husted spent a few days with his sister Mrs. T. E. Douglas.

Frederic News (23 years ago)

Dr. C. H. O'Neil has had to give up his practice for the present, on account of poor health. He will go to California to J. Stevens' Ranch to recuperate, that being the advice from Detroit. Mr. and Mrs. Murray are here from Richmondville to assist their daughter Mrs. C. H. O'Neil. Their many friends are sorry to see them leave.

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Charles Wilbur and wife are at Peru Cheney called there by the serious illness of her sister.

STATE OWNED LAND IN CREASES

State owned land in several counties increased enormously through 1931. In Alger County it increased almost 19,000 acres; in Crawford 13,000; in Gladwin 13,000; in Grand Traverse 7,000; in Lake 21,000; in Montmorency 23,000 acres. These large increases in state owned areas for 1930 do not indicate a single year of delinquent taxes. They are due to the state only after examination and represent rather the extent of examinations for the previous year.

During the period beginning July 1, 1930 and ending December 1, 1931, the Department of Conservation disposed of 45,077 acres and 2,000 city and village lots through sale. Such sales brought a revenue of \$126,207. In addition 8,900 acres of state owned land were given out in homesteads. Only three counties in Michigan do not have state owned land. They are Branch, Hillsdale and Wayne. The State holdings in several other counties are negligible. Mackinac now holds the largest state acreage of any county in Michigan with 167,361 acres. Chippewa county which held the largest acreage last year dropped to second place through disposition of some of the land by the state.

The acreage of state owned land by counties as of January 1, 1932 is as follows:

County	Acreage
Alcona	19,033.26
Alger	59,544.22
Allegan	433.89
Alpena	36,522.13
Antrim	9,125.66
Arenac	29,121.42
Baraga	18,464.64
Benzie	181.45
Bay	2,848.62
Benzie	4,623.36
Berrien	87.00
Branch	0.00
Calhoun	820.00
Cass	42.00
Charlevoix	20,653.83
Cheboygan	103,292.37
Chippewa	158,095.02
Clare	15,895.05
Clinton	30.65
Crawford	81,601.30
Delta	96,205.98
Dickinson	88,124.73
Eaton	46.51
Emmet	15,124.00
Genesee	40.00
Gladwin	98,464.36
Gogebic	11,168.62
Grand Traverse	31,093.19
Grafton	80.00
Hillsdale	0.00
Houghton	7,934.68
Huron	235.40
Ingham	320.00
Ionia	0.00
Iosco	15,866.58
Iron	10,343.36
Isabella	40.00
Jackman	240.00
Kalamazoo	79.53
Kalkaska	74,222.33
Kalamazoo	78.59
Keweenaw	945.20
Lake	35,751.96
Lapeer	40.00
Leelanau	2,327.58
Leawards	277.57
Livingston	30.00
Luce	35,486.33
Mackinac	167,361.04
Macomb	75.00
Manistee	2,129.70
Marquette	99,558.89
Mason	3,450.80
Meosota	1,799.77
Menominee	45,081.43
Midland	6,988.57
Missaukee	34,983.13
Monroe	40.00
Montcalm	0.00
Montmorency	55,843.43
Muskegon	3,839.51
Newaygo	17,996.22
Oakland	822.14
Oceana	1,896.64
Ogemaw	59,038.50
Ontonagon	41,376.77
Oscoda	5,478.84
Oseola	60,057.64
Oshtemo	41,996.26
Ottawa	0.00
Presque Isle	69,230.47
Roscommon	121,294.34
Saginaw	348.22
Schoolcraft	151,307.67
Shiawassee	46.00
St. Clair	93.25
St. Joseph	168.23
Tuscola	192.00
Van Buren	68.70
Washtenaw	200.00
Wayne	0.00
Wexford	20,443.91
Sanilac	351.00

State total 2,093,722.43

Our office pessimist says that the cost of living may be going down, but that living isn't worth as much as it was back in 1929.

LINCOLN AS A YOUTH



The Lincoln of 23, the volunteer in the Blackhawk war, youthful and strong, with brow unmarked by the cares of the nation, with face unmarked by sorrow, in this Lincoln—the work of Leonard Crombie.

Lincoln Forbears Not Men of Mean Stock

His Ancestor a Member of Jefferson's Cabinet

ABRAHAM LINCOLN came of no mean stock, according to Dr. Louis A. Warren, of Fort Wayne, Ind., director of the Lincoln Historical Research foundation and editor of Lincoln Lore.

The Civil war President's family belonged to the ante-bellum southern aristocracy of Kentucky, and one of his ancestors was a cabinet officer in a Democratic administration, Doctor Warren's research has revealed.

In refuting the popular misconception that Lincoln rose from poverty and was of a humble origin, Doctor Warren declared that if his revelations were a shock to cherished ideas of the emancipator, they had the sound backing of documentary evidence.

"President Lincoln was of the seventh generation of his family in America, and his line has been traced back through four generations in Hingham, England. Samuel Lincoln, who came to America in 1637 and founded the town of Hingham, Mass., was the founder of the American line."

"When Lincoln visited Worcester, Mass., in 1848, and was entertained by Levi Lincoln, he was the guest of one of his own family, although neither he nor his host knew of the connection. The Trophimoff story, not knowing of the link with the Lincoln who had a prominent part in molding the history of New England, a recent document lists more than 1,000 of them. Levi, Sr., who was once governor of the Bay State, was secretary of state under Thomas Jefferson."

Doctor Warren traced the migration of the Lincolns from Massachusetts, through New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Kentucky, across the Ohio River into Indiana and thence to Illinois.

"Lincoln's grandfather, once holder of 5,000 acres of land in Kentucky, was massacred by the Indians in one of the great tragedies of the family. Following his death, when Lincoln's father, Thomas, was ten years old, the widow was defrauded out of practically all of the land, which may explain the beginnings of the humble origin theory."

LINCOLN IN OIL



Here is a recently discovered original oil painting of Mr. Lincoln which, with other relics of the martyred President have been acquired for the University museum.

Sought Supreme Wisdom
Abraham Lincoln said: "I have been driven many times to my knees by the overwhelming conviction that I had nowhere else to go. My own wisdom and that of all about me seemed insufficient for that day."

Last Witness of Tragedy
Henry C. Shurtis, ninety-year-old Union veteran of the Civil war and believed to have been the last surviving witness of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, died at his home at Berryville, Ark., in 1930.

Don't Sleep On Left Side, Gas Hurts Heart

If stomach gas makes you restless and unable to sleep on right side, take Adlerika. One dose will rid you of gas or nervousness, and bring sound sleep. See Adlerika, Druggists.

SNAGGING TROUT STREAMS

The Department of Conservation is now in a position to hatch and raise to fingerling size all of the trout that available finances permit paying for, and future stress should be given the improvement of habitat for these fish, overseers of Michigan's 14 state fish hatcheries were told at a meeting held at Lansing last week.

The Fish Division is now in a position to hatch all of the trout necessary for planting, it was said. These fish can be raised to the fingerling stage in as many numbers as there are feeding stations to hold them and as there is food to feed them.

Attention will now be given to improving the natural habitat of trout such as improving the food supply in streams, and re-snagging.

For several years experts have been experimenting with re-snagging on several noted trout streams in Michigan. During the days of the lumber industry many rivers and streams were cleared out to facilitate log driving in the spring months. All natural ripples and snags were removed. On some of these streams, notably the Little Manistee, the Pere Marquette, and the Pigeon, hundreds of snags have been artificially constructed under the direction of the Institute for Fisheries Research.

The Fish Division believes that these snags have been effective in creating better fishing. Many individuals and clubs are now building snags in streams in which they are interested.

Hatchery overseers were requested at the Lansing meeting to encourage anglers in the vicinity of their stations to carry on such work.

Masterpiece of Nature

That Defies Puny Man

In 1890 the owners of a tract of redwood timber near Porterville, Calif., attempted to fell a giant redwood tree but failed. The tree was sawed through from both sides at an angle and although cut through was held as in a vise. A little Irish lumberjack used a charge of black powder in the cut, but all that the charge did was to move the saved end of the tree an inch in its resting place. Had dynamite been available at the time the tree would not have been saved. Men at that time were engaged in the forest cutting stakes for use in fencing in the valleys. Hitting posts were turned out and were in great demand in front of all business places in the towns of the treeless valleys of California. But the tree that refused to fall though cut entirely through, still stands, dead of course, in the dense forest near Porterville.

Maple Tree Sap

The movement of sap in the maple tree is described generally as follows: It is the watery solution which circulates through the vascular tissue in woody plants. The ascending current consists of the water of imbibition in which are dissolved various salts obtained from the earth. This so-called crude sap passes through the xylem portion of the vascular bundles to the chlorophyll-containing tissues, the leaves in most plants, where the surplus water is transpired into newly formed carbohydrates and proteins through the phloem or sieve tissue to the parts of the plant which may require them, the descending current often being called elaborated sap. From this it will be seen that the sap taken in tapping a tree is the type of sap which has already formed the carbohydrates and proteins and is therefore largely from the descending or elaborated sap.

Defense of Hobbies

It was "Tristram Shandy" that made Lawrence Sterne famous, but he had other hobbies than writing novels. Many of them, books, shooting, painting and fishing. His excuse for indulging in so many hobbies was framed in words like these: "Have not the wisest men in all ages, not excepting Solomon himself, had their hobby-horses, their running horses, their coins and their cockle shells, their drums and their trumpets, their fiddles and their butterflies? And so long as a man rides his hobby-horse peaceably and quietly along the King's highway, and neither compels you nor me to get up behind him, pray sir, what have you or I to do with it?"

Needle Long in Heart

That Edward Sell, forty-five, of Hayes, England, carried a needle in his heart for more than four weeks was revealed by X-rays. Sell was working on an airplane when a needle in the apron of an upholsterer was driven into his breast. It was considered too dangerous at the time to operate. Four weeks later an operation was tried, but had to be stopped before the needle was removed. Sell died soon afterward, and a needle two inches long was found in the left ventricle of his heart.

Resin Industry Growing

In 1834 the copper kettle and condensing worm were first used for distilling crude resin. Practically the same form of still is in use today. By 1850 the world was finding new uses for both turpentine and resin, which constantly increased the demand, causing a steady growth of the industry. Today about two-thirds of the world's naval stores are produced in the southern United States, and approximately \$50,000,000 are invested in the business.

Not Through

Little Bobbie went to the school for the first time. When he came home in the afternoon all tired and apparently disgusted his grandfather said: "Well, well, my little man! What did you learn today?" "Nothing, Grandpa," answered Bobbie, with a sigh, "and I have to go back again tomorrow."

WASHINGTON CURRENT COMMENTS

The Senate listened to the reading of a petition from a prominent mercantile organization in which it was stated that present economic conditions had arisen out of the fact that the government was spending too large a proportion of its income. A member of the upper house says that the road construction program should continue unabated. The Senate has been notified that the House does not approve the Senate amendments to the emergency bill, and a conference is proposed. Hawaiian affairs are again discussed. The effect of depreciated currencies on trade is being looked into. Plans for the celebration of the 200th Anniversary of the birth of George Washington are being perfected. A resolution providing for cooperation with state governors in getting data on a modification of the prohibition law has been voted down.

The House has debated the appropriation for the Department of Agriculture. The Committee on Ways and Means is hearing interested persons on the subject of tax revision. During sessions as a committee of the whole, there was a discussion covering a wide range of subjects and relating to the general state of the country.

The President has signed the bill appropriating two billion dollars to the Reconstruction Corporation, with Charles G. Dawes at its head. The purpose of the Corporation is to stop deflation in agriculture and in industry, and thus to increase employment by the restoration of men to their normal jobs.

Immediately after the papers in this country and in Europe had published elaborate analyses of what the Lausanne Conference was going to accomplish, the meeting was called off. The position of the United States, as explained by the Secretary of State, may have had something to do with the postponement of the meeting. The State Department says that we do not look with favor on debtor nations joining hands to shatter their bills (or more elegant words to the same effect); that a demand for an extension of time or a cancellation of debts could not pass Congress, and that the payment of war debts and the payment of reparations are matters that are quite distinct. Such talk may have a depressing effect in Europe, but it lays a foundation for the restoration of courage, hope and prosperity in the United States. The average citizen for some months has been wondering what his own efforts and all proposed plans for domestic relief, would amount to, if Europe was to be let off in return for a polite "Thank you."

Mexico has a new law by which a person can get a divorce in one day. It seems that it would be possible to be married and free again within forty-eight hours. The framer of the law is famous for a non-stop flight record between Washington and New York City. He has reduced the marital relation to a non-stop flight.

The pneumonia season is upon us, according to the Illinois Department of Health, more than half the reported cases of that disease occurring from January to April. Infants and those above the age of 55 are hardest hit, but lowering of physical strength, colds, coughs, and a variety of infection diseases pave the way for pneumonia and render all subject to its ravages. The report embodies a sentence which is easy to remember and worth keeping in mind. "Pneumonia is a bully, who lords it over the weak."

It is said that former Kaiser Wilhelm is very anxious to return to Germany. Some people don't seem to realize when they have had enough.

Homemakers' Corner

By Home Economics Specialist
Michigan State College

Good physical condition before attempting a diet and gradual reduction, not more than two pounds a week, were the two general rules for attaining a fashionable figure in the series of talks over station WKAR last week on "Health of the Farm Women" given by Miss Muriel Dundas of the extension department.

Some milk, a pint for adults and a quart for children, at least two servings of vegetables besides potatoes, two servings of fruit, some whole grain cereal, and one serving of a protein food is the regular outline for logical diet towards a sensible decrease in weight.

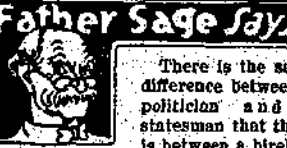
A breakfast of fruit with little sugar, whole wheat bread and coffee with milk instead of cream is sufficient. Hot cakes with sirup are forbidden, along with similar first meal menus; but, if the suggested meal has digested by 10:30 and a need for food is felt, a glass of orange juice or hot skim milk will satisfy.

Choose a clear bouillon rather than a rich cream soup for lunch. With this, eat a generous salad composed largely of greens, with a small amount of dressing, whole grain bread instead of white, and some dried fruit as a dessert. The salad dressing may be made of mineral oil, which has no food value, instead of the vegetable oils, substituting it in any standard recipe.

For dinner, select meat and potato, avoiding the fat meats. Use more vegetables in large servings. Either milk or some other beverage, preferably taken without cream and sugar, and a dessert complete the meal. A glass of hot milk and a cracker may be eaten just before going to sleep.

Father Sage Says

There is the same difference between a politician and a statesman that there is between a hireling and a good shepherd.



Spring Ensemble



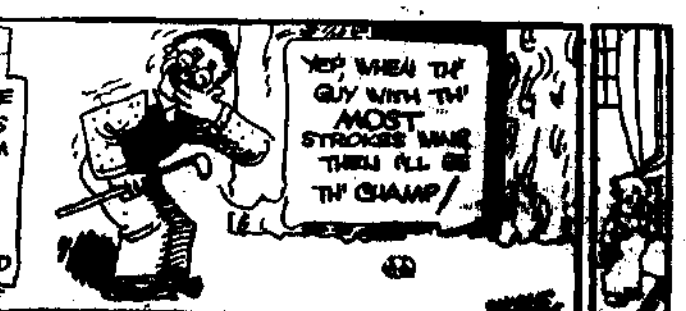
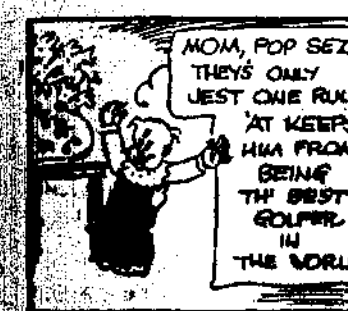
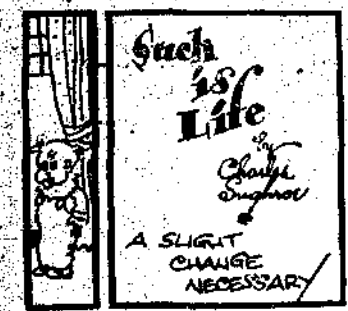
This modish spring ensemble is composed of a gown of bright blue wool with trimming of blue and white stripes. The scarf, looped in front, is stitched tightly to the bodice and the deep cuffs reveal the flare that is now in such popular favor. The hat is a matching felt. Patent leather pumps set off the chic costume.

Subscribe for the Avalanche

Foreign Made Chairs Irk Mrs. Kahn



When Congressman Florence Kahn of California discovered that this and other chairs being used in the house of representatives restaurant were manufactured in Czechoslovakia, she was much angered. So much so, that she immediately introduced a bill providing that all government supplies shall be products of American labor.



BAYER ASPIRIN



is always
SAFE

beware of
imitations

Unless you see the name Bayer and the word genuine on the package as pictured above you can never be sure that you are taking the genuine Bayer Aspirin that thousands of physicians prescribe in their daily practice.

The name Bayer means genuine Aspirin. It is your guarantee of purity—your protection against the

imitations. Millions of users have proved that it is safe.

Genuine Bayer Aspirin promptly relieves:

- Headaches
- Neuritis
- Colds
- Neuralgia
- Sore Throat
- Lumbago
- Rheumatism
- Toothache

No harmful after-effects follow its use. It does not depress the heart.

TUNA FISH VARIETIES VARY IN SALES PRICE

Only the hardiest can catch those scrappy fish that go into the making of the tuna salads and sandwiches. The big tuna, called the Yellowfin, runs to 200 pounds of fighting meat. These fish are frequently savage and voracious—fishermen have seen them bite at tin cans, bare hooks, even pieces of cloth.

There are four species of tuna packed in this country, according to Dr. A. C. Hunter, of the Federal Food and Drug Administration. The Albacore, known as the Longfin, brings the best price. Canned Albacore is almost universally labeled and known as "white meat tuna." The Bluefin, known as the leaping tuna, and the Yellowfin have meat slightly darker in appearance than the Albacore and sell at a somewhat lower price. Striped tuna costs least. Ordinarily the meat of striped tuna has a gamy flavor and is the darkest variety.

Canned tuna may or may not bear on the label the species or variety designation, but if it does the designation must be correct. Doctor Hunter says that much of the Striped (or "Skipjack") tuna goes into what is known as the "tuna-style" pack. Buyers will occasionally find "tuna-style" pack labeled as "tunny fish." Imported tonno, Italian style, is caught in the Mediterranean and canned with oil and brine.

Bonita and Yellowtail are not tuna, but are canned by processes similar to those employed in the canning of the latter. These fish are sometimes labeled with the words "white-meat fish of the Bonita" (or "Yellowtail") as the case may be. Genuine canned tuna will carry the word "tuna" somewhere on the label.

Cans of tuna fish are generally marked to contain 13, 7, and 3 1/2 ounces of fish, respectively. The pure food law requires that cans be reasonably full of fish, with only enough oil and salt added to make a suitably flavored article. The law further requires that quantity-of-contents statements be printed on the label and that these statements be accurate.

Streets in several foreign cities are named for significant historic dates. Why couldn't we pick out the roughest date in the nation and call it 1932?—Arkansas Gazette.

WINS HIGH HONOR



JACKSON V. SCHOLTZ

In recognition of outstanding service rendered to his community during the last year, Howard Hovew, former president of the United States Junior Chamber of Commerce and past president of the Los Angeles branch of that organization, has been awarded the first annual distinguished service medal of the national body.



Jackson V. Scholtz, track luminary in the 1909, 1924 and 1928 Olympics, has stepped out of the athletic obscurity into which he had retired, in an endeavor to win a berth on this year's United States Olympic team. Scholtz, who has been acclaimed the greatest 200-meter runner in the history of the track, is now practicing daily at Franklin field, Philadelphia.

GAMBLING

By THOMAS ARKLE CLARK
Emeritus Dean of Men,
University of Illinois.

It is wrong to gamble, most people concede, even those mature people who indulge in the pastime themselves. Kayser, who has been caught in a gambling escapade, asks me to explain to him that the practice is contrary to law. There are many things, he points out to me, that the law forbids that are not in themselves wrong, but are so because of other considerations.

Kayser is quite familiar with the ten commandments—the eleven, in fact—and he cannot see that gambling in any way violates the commandments laid down in these:

Why is gambling wrong, if the men concerned in the sport are willing to take the consequences of their wager? Well, for one reason, there is seldom an unattached being whose actions concern only himself. Persons, for instance, who could with difficulty keep himself from the habit, as a young married man, with a child, as well as his wife to support. He was not risking his own interests alone when he bet upon games or took a hand at poker or played the stock market. He was risking their interests and doing it, too, without their consent. It isn't quite playing the same squarely to do so.

McMasters was talking to a young friend of mine not long ago upon this subject. McMasters is not a young man any more. He has seen a good deal of the world; he has met all sorts of people, and his experiences have been varied. He has seen gambling from the standpoint of the looker and from the standpoint of a rather skillful manipulator of the cards.

"I wouldn't gamble, son," he said, "for this reason. If you lose, you usually can't afford it, and if you win you have money for which you have given no return, and money of that sort gives you little pleasure, isn't worth much. It is only the things that you pay full value for that really give you any real pleasure."

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A PROPHECY

(From "Lincoln's Grave.")

Old soldiers true, ah, these all men can trust,
Who fought, with conscience clear, on either side;
Why should death and thought their cause
was just?
Their stainless honor can not be denied;
Ring it and sing it up and down the land,
And let no voice that swears it with scorn,
Or that its meaning, still,
Ring it and sing it, we go hand in hand,
Old soldiers, all, and every, old soldier.

Lincoln Wrote His Own Autobiography

Document in Possession of Milwaukee Family.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S autobiography, consisting of slightly more than 600 words in his own handwriting, is in the possession of Mrs. Harriet F. Richardson and her son, of Milwaukee, Wis.

They were willed the document by the late Miss Fannie Fell, Jesse Fell, Miss Fell's father, shared law offices with Lincoln in Springfield, Ill. He prevailed upon Lincoln to write the autobiography in 1859 when it became apparent that the great emancipator would become a Presidential candidate.

Extracts from the autobiography follow:
"I was born February 12, 1809, in Hardin county, Kentucky. My parents were both born in Virginia of undistinguished families, second families, I should say. My mother, who died in my tenth year, was of a family of the name of Hanks, some of whom now reside in Adams, and others in Macon county, Illinois.

"My paternal grandfather, Abraham Lincoln, emigrated from Rockingham county, Virginia, to Kentucky about 1781 or 1782, where a year or two later he was killed by Indians, not in battle, but by stealth, when he was laboring to open a farm in the forest.

"His ancestors, who were Quakers, went to Virginia from Berks county, Pennsylvania. An effort to identify them with the New England family of the same name, ended in nothing more definite than a similarity of Christian names of both families, such as Rachel, Levi, Mordecai, Solomon, Abraham and the like.

"My father, at the death of his father, was but six years of age and he grew up literally without education. He removed from Kentucky to what is now Spencer county, Indiana, in my eighth year.

"At twenty-one I came to Illinois and passed the first year in Illinois—Macon county. Then I got to New Salem, where I remained a year as a sort of clerk in the store. Then came the Black Hawk war and I was elected a captain of volunteers, a success which gave me more pleasure than any I have had since. I went into the campaign, was elected, ran for the legislature the same year (1832) and was beaten. Only time I have ever been beaten by the people. The next three succeeding biennial elections I was elected to the legislature.

"During this legislative period I had studied law and removed to Springfield to practice it. In 1841 I was elected to the lower house of congress. From 1849 to 1854 I practiced law more assiduously than ever before—always a Whig in politics, and generally on the Whig electoral tickets, making active canvasses.

"If any personal description of me is thought desirable, it may be said; I am 6 feet 4 inches in height, lean, fair, with dark complexion, with coarse hair, and gray eyes—no marks or brands recollected."

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WOMAN ISSUES RULES OF IDEAL HOME LIFE

East Lansing, Feb. 1.—"Thou shalt make beautiful, keep clean and in order thy home" is the greatest of the "Ten—Homemaking Commandments," according to Miss Myrtle Weldon, state home demonstration leader of Kentucky, main speaker at the Home economics extension banquet Tuesday evening, being held in connection with the homemakers' division of Farmers Week at Michigan State College, February 1 to 5.

Second of the commandments should be "Eight hours a day shalt thou labor and do all thy household work, and the other eight by thy waking hours thou shalt attend to thy homemaking," explains Miss Weldon, who follows this with "Thou shalt not slumber on thy job," as the third of the commandments.

In the fourth, Miss Weldon advises every housewife to "take a short vacation from thy household tasks." This is in order to better live up to the next commandment, "Thou shalt guard thy health and the health of thy family with all thy might."

The sixth and seventh "laws" as provided by the speaker, are closely related. "Thou shalt strive to keep thyself mentally alert," and "Thou shalt at all times hold thyself in readiness to answer the call of thy family for friendship and companionship," as is also the eighth, "Thou shalt cultivate and encourage in thyself and in thy family a sense of humor and the ability to play."

The next to the last is one which is being found of increasing importance in the feminine world of today. "Thou shalt strive to make thyself easy to look upon," and the tenth commandment is "Thou shalt not forget thy community."

THEY EXPECT TROUBLE

In business the biggest men rarely show irritation. If something goes wrong in the day's program, they are not surprised; they expect things to go wrong constantly. Their salaries are based on the promise that when everything is going wrong, and misfortunes are averted, the big man at the top will keep calm and will reason a way out of the disorder.

Little men fuss and swear because they think it increases their standing to show impatience. The smaller the man, the larger the fuss words.

Bad temper and angry outbursts in business are really an expensive dissipation. They waste energy and sour the point of view. There is no accident in the fact that most executives have cultivated a calm and detached attitude toward their jobs. Keeping calm and unworried permits them to handle big work.

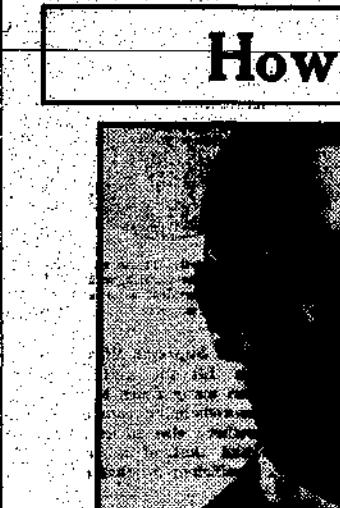
PLACING THERMOMETERS

To avoid arguments about how cold or how hot it is hang your thermometer on the north side of the house in a sheltered place, such as a porch, and be sure it is an inch or two away from the wall. The United States Weather Bureau has found that it gets the most accurate records of temperatures by exposing the weather bureau thermometers—of which there are about 5,000 over the country—in a covered or screened inclosure of wood slats which keep off rain, sun, snow, and radiation and also allow free air circulation.

Sore Throat? Don't Gargle

You get quicker, better relief with Thoxine, a prescription exclusively for throat ailments. The very first swallow relieves the throat soreness. Its internal action removes the cause which otherwise might develop into serious illness. Most coughs are caused by an irritated throat; Thoxine stops these at once. Safe for the whole family—guaranteed no dope. Money back if not satisfied. 35c. Mac & Gidley's drug store, and all other good drug stores.

How Old?



He doesn't look a day over fifty. And feels like forty.

At the age of 62.

That's the happy state of health and pep a man enjoys when he gives his vital organs a little stimulant!

When your system is stagnant and you feel sluggish, headachy, half-alive—don't waste money on "tonics" or "regulators" or similar patent medicines. Stimulate the liver and bowels. Use a famous physician's prescription every drug store keeps. Just ask them for Dr. Caldwell's syrup.

This appetizing syrup is made from fresh laxative herbs, active senna, and pure pepsin. One dose will clear up almost any case of headache, biliousness, constipation.

All Hearts Bow to

Good Saint Valentine.

OVERS Beware! A wealth of cheery little red hearts, and rampant cupid are flaunting their charms from shop windows to lure even the wary into the endearing ways of St. Valentine.

And just what chance have young men and their sweethearts! There's no telling when one of these paper arrows may reach home or a platitude, as sweet as a sugar plum, succeed in entwining itself around a lovelorn or a wishful heart.

It is safe to announce that there is many a girl who laughs at the loving tricks of her grandfathers' day. That would be the kind of humor with a touch of flowers, a bar pin or a dainty locket. But while girls shorten their dresses, and cut their hair and while fashions in valentines come and go, the heart of the matter is generally as susceptible to valentines and their wiles as that of the hoop-skirted lady generations ago.

"What are these things?" questions a mystified boy, pointing to a row of lace confessions. "Would a girl really like one of them?"

"Like them? She couldn't help it; they were the very essence of the old-time valentines. Through a paper lace gate was visible a graceful lady in billowy skirts and a pair of love birds, shaded in delicate lavender. Quite a contrast to the satirical and humorous concoctions which were popular a few years ago. But any older woman will say there is nothing new about them. They are imitations of the hand-wrought and fanciful expressions common years ago."

Little Old Lace

By WILLIAM HERSHELL



LITTLE old lace valentines. Little old lace valentines. You have secrets, old as gold. Secrets you have never told. O the glad hours Youth has spent. Devouring in your sentiment!

Boy will have to see her look. As he slips you in G.F.'s book. The old lace valentines. Beware from a secret love. All he craves is just to know. None but his girls please him so.

CYNIC has a little to say. Yet he will glow from above. Brings the love letters down. The old lace valentines. Heritage of Auld Lang Syne. —Indianapolis News.

For the first time since the depression started Paris is beginning to have jobs to pick. Evidently old man Hard Times is making the rounds and won't neglect anybody before he gets ready to quit.

NAVY FLYING SAFER

Figures compiled by the Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department, show that great progress has been made in naval aviation, both as regards the total number hours flown, and decrease of the number of accidents. In 1928 there was one fatal accident for each 7,226 hours flown. In 1929 this was reduced to one in 11,287, and in 1930 it was still further reduced to one fatality to 19,070 hours flown. The figures also show that the pilots flying the most hours per year had fewest accidents, and that pilots with the largest total of hours in the air had fewer accidents than those of less experience.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said County, on the 21st day of January A. D. 1932.

Present: Hon. George Sorenson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Ellis McIntyre, deceased.

Edith Shank, nee McIntyre, of the City of Chicago, Ill., having filed in said court her petition praying that the administration and settlement of said estate be granted to Arthur C. McIntyre, a son of said deceased, or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1932, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford-Avalanche newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

GEORGE SORENSEN, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
George Sorenson,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
BANKING DEPARTMENT
Office of the Commissioner.

WHEREAS
by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

GRAYLING STATE SAVINGS BANK

in the Village of Grayling in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan has complied with all the provisions of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan required to be complied with before a corporation shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking.

NOW THEREFORE, I, RUDOLPH E. REICHERT, Commissioner of the State Banking Department, do hereby certify that

GRAYLING STATE SAVINGS BANK

in the Village of Grayling, in the County of Crawford and State of Michigan, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in section seven of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, Witness my hand and Seal of Office at Lansing, this second day of January, 1932.

Rudolph E. Reichert,
Commissioner of the Banking Department.

No. 780 1-14-8

Who was Who?

By LOUISE M. COMSTOCK

SKIPPER IRESON

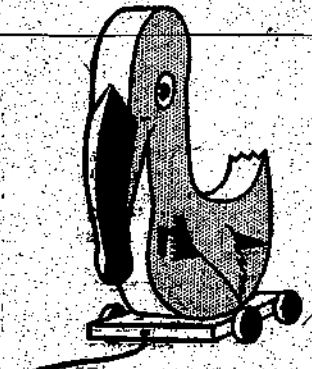
WHEN John Greenleaf Whittier used popular tales, circulating about the fishing village of Marblehead, in his poem "Skipper Ireson's Ride," he unwittingly served to perpetuate a great injustice.

"Floyd Ireson, for his hard heart," wrote Whittier, "was tarred and feathered and carried in a cart, by the women of Marblehead."

On the night of October 28, 1808, the fishing schooner Betty, Skipper Ireson in command, passed almost within hailing distance of the Active, about to sink in the heavy sea. Skipper Ireson would have stopped to give aid; his crew, fearful for their own lives, disobeyed his orders to stand by to succor the Active and set sail for home while he was taking a bit of a nap below. Once safe home they accused the skipper of refusing aid, and their story was affirmed later when four survivors of the ill-fated Active reached port. The angry populace of Marblehead seized Skipper Ireson, stripped and bound him, tarred him and covered him with feathers and dragged him through the streets in an old cart. When its bottom fell out they put their victim in a cart and proceeded, howling at their prey.

Not till many years later, when Skipper Ireson was old, blind, and destitute, and it was too late to make amends, was the true story told, by the Betty's cabin boy, now grown to manhood and a new sense of honor.

(© 1932, Western Newspaper Union.)



for ANY BABY

WE can never be sure just what makes an infant restless, but the remedy can always be the same. Good old Castoria. There's comfort in every drop of this pure vegetable preparation, and not the slightest harm in its frequent use. As often as Baby has a fretful spell, is feverish, or cries and can't sleep, let Castoria soothe and quiet him. Sometimes it's a touch of colic. Sometimes the constipation. Or diarrhea—a condition that should always be checked without delay. Just keep Castoria handy and give it promptly. Relief will follow very promptly; if it doesn't you should call a physician.

For the first time since the depression started Paris is beginning to have jobs to pick. Evidently old man Hard Times is making the rounds and won't neglect anybody before he gets ready to quit.

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No. 780 1-14-8

Uncle Sam protested earnestly that he wanted nothing out of the big war and has been giving a rain in the neck for his magnanimity.—New York Sun.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Albert J. Charron and Mabel C. Charron, to Louis Dellaire, dated the third day of August, A. D. 1928, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Crawford and State of Michigan, on the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1928, in Liber 1 of mortgages, on page 410 on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest and taxes, the sum of four hundred ninety-seven and four one-hundredths dollars, and an attorney's fee as provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, on Saturday, the 20th day of February, A. D. 1932, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the undersigned will, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Grayling, that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford in held, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so as aforesaid due on said mortgage, with seven per cent interest, and all legal costs, together with said attorney's fee, to wit: lot two of block two of Marthas M. Brink's Addition to the Village of Grayling and lot six of block two of Marthas M. Brink's Second Addition to the Village of Grayling, according to recorded plats thereof.

Dated November 25, 1931.

LOUIS DELLAIRE,
Mortgagee.

Merle E. Nellist,
Attorney for mortgagee,
Grayling, Michigan. 11-26-31

PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS C. A. SNOW & CO.

Successful Practice since 1875. Over 25,000 patents obtained for inventors in every section of country. Write for booklet telling how to obtain a patent, with list of clients in your State.

710 8th St., Washington, D. C.

DIRECTORY BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

Grayling State Savings Bank

Bank Money Orders. Interest paid on deposits. Collections and general banking business. Phone 22-1.
8 to 11:30 A. M. 1 to 3 P. M.

John Braun, Cashier.

PROBATE COURT

Crawford County, Mich.
Sessions—First and Third Monday of every month.
Hours—9:00 to 11:00 a. m., and 2:00 to 5:00 p. m.

Any information and first Proceedings in connection with this Court will be had at my office at Sorenson Bros. GEORGE SORENSEN, Judge of Probate.

MARIUS L. INSLEY
Representing Attorney Crawford County

Office hours—9 to 11:30 a. m. and 1 to 3:30 p. m. Other times by appointment.
Office in Court House.

Dr. C. R. Keyport Dr. C. G. Clippert
Drs. Keyport & Clippert
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Sundays by appointment.

DR. C. J. CREEN
Dentist

Office—Hanson Hardware Bldg.
Hours: 8:30 to 12, 1 to 5 p. m.
Evening by appointment.
Closed Saturday afternoons.

MAC & GIDLEY
REGISTERED PHARMACISTS

Phones 18 and 341 Grayling

WM. H. MOSHIER
LICENSED MASTER
Plumber

Grayling, Mich.
Phone 47. License No. 119

ALBERT J. REHKOPF
Plumbing

Steam and Hot Water Heating
Repair Work given prompt attention
AT HANSON'S HARDWARE
Phone 21

Free Methodist Church
(South Side)

Sunday services:
Sabbath School—10:00 a. m.
Praying Service—11:00 a. m.
Evangelistic Services—7:30 p. m.
Everybody invited.
REV. IRA GRABILL.

G. F. DeLaMater Co.
SURVEYORS

THE CORK SCREW

Every man succeeds in finding a satisfactory reason for his failure.

How we do appreciate good health when we're sick.

Women lie about their age and men lie about their income.

"Lis" and Edna had the thrill of their lives last Sunday night, being the first girls to go down the slide.

Oh! Oh! she cried as she sat down—Am I sitting on anything very important?

Light bulbs, 17c each at Hanson Hardware Co.

Do you know that F. R. Welsh taught the first basket ball in Grayling, and that he will still sell his shoes to see a game?

20% off on A.B.C. Washers at Hanson Hardware Co.

Muraline and Kals-tone dry paint, 5 lb. pkg. for 39c. Hurry, it is going fast! At Hanson Hardware Co.

Lyle Milks, our big butcher, says if he goes to China he wants an airplane with anchors or hooks on it, so he can stop quick. He must have been to the show Sunday night.

Mother, may I go to play? Yes, my darling daughter; But remember, the things you want to do are the things you hadn't oughter.

This morning we had a strenuous argument at home, and when I went home at noon I was repentant. So I said, "Geo I'm sorry. I've decided you were right and I agree with you." She tossed her head in the same old way as she said, "You're too late, I've changed my mind too." Isn't that just like 'em?

Gray Enamelware 10c, 15c and 25c at Hanson Hardware.

Our old friend Andy, of the Company of Angus, in Andy would doubtless refer to the present European situation as "That's a mess."

It takes about 1500 nuts to hold an automobile together, but it takes only one to scatter it all over the landscape.

Hanson Hardware Co.

Phone 21

Local Happenings

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1932

Sheriff J. E. Bobenmoyer was in Bay City Monday on business.

12 lb. bag of oranges for 40c. Conine's Grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Olson were in Saginaw Tuesday on business.

3 lbs. Old Master coffee and a ten-inch mixing bowl for 99c. Atkinson Grocery.

Home baked goods for sale, come and see the display at my home, Mrs. Charles Decker.

If your clothes aren't becoming to you, they had better be coming to us. Cripps Cleaning Service, Phone 133.

Elmer Neal acted as referee for the Harrison and Roscommon basketball game at Roscommon Saturday night. Roscommon defeated Harrison.

The Misses Helen Pond and Ruth Mack, accompanied by Gordon Pond were in Bay City Monday and Tuesday where they visited Miss Margaret Letzky.

Miss Cummings, statistician for the Children's Fund of Michigan is in Grayling this week checking up on the work that is being done in this health district.

Eastern Stars will continue their Rummage Sale Saturday, Feb. 6 at the Health Center. Anyone having any articles of clothing to donate please leave at Grayling Hardware or Health Center.

Kerry & Hanson Flooring Co. expect to resume operations next Monday, after being closed down for a couple of weeks, while some needed repairs were being made to the engine.

Mr. Archie Lozon of Maple Forest is receiving treatments at Mercy Hospital.

The Groundhog didn't see his shadow here Feb. 2nd, so Spring must be here.

Free, a 12-inch basting spoon with every cash purchase of lard, 3 lbs. for 25c, Saturday at Conine's Grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Dawson were in Grayling Tuesday night, and on their way home their car struck a truck and the front end of the car was badly damaged. Fortunately no one was injured.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hanson accompanied by the Misses Marie Brown and Irene McKay went to Bay City Tuesday evening to attend a minstrel show that was put on by the American Legion.

Having had no bad effects, Sam Gust and Dalton Griffith are boasting of having gone in swimming on January 14. They visited the old swimming hole in back of the round house and said the water was fine.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex LaGrow were very much surprised Sunday afternoon when several of their friends dropped in on them to help them to celebrate their 38th wedding anniversary. The guests brought a pot luck dinner that everyone enjoyed. In the evening they played 500. Mr. and Mrs. LaGrow were presented with a lovely plant. Everyone wished them many more happy anniversaries.

Celebrating his 75th milestone last Thursday Frank R. Decker was the guest of honor at a party in the evening given by his children and some friends. It was held at the Decker home and progressive pedro was enjoyed, in which Mrs. Laura Parker and Rollo Failing received first prizes and Mrs. Rollo Failing and Mr. Decker won consolations. There were about 30 present and a fine pot luck supper was enjoyed.

Ray Milnes is ill at his home with tonsillitis.

12 lb. bag of oranges for 40c. Conine's Grocery.

Mrs. James Bugby and Mrs. Jerry Sherman were callers in Gaylord Saturday.

Wonderful bargains for kiddies in our \$1.00 sale Saturday and Monday, Feb. 6 and 8, Cooley's Gift Shop.

Grayling Box Company started up again Monday after having been closed down for some time.

Robin Yettaw of Kalkaska is spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Gannon.

See what you can buy for \$1.00 at Cooley's Gift Shop Saturday and Monday, Feb. 6 and 8.

Something for nothing with every cash purchase of lard, 3 lbs. for 25c. A 12-inch basting spoon at Conine's Grocery.

Rev. A. E. Sorenson arrived from Seattle, Wash., Monday owing to the serious illness of his father Olaf Sorenson who is suffering from paralysis, with which he was stricken a week ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward King of Flint spent the week end at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Miller. They were accompanied by George Miller Jr. who will remain here.

Tuesday afternoon Feb. 9, the ladies of St. Mary's Altar Society will meet at the home of Fr. Culligan. At five o'clock the ladies will serve a pot luck supper to which their husbands are invited.

Miss Ingeborg Hanson, stenographer at the Grayling Box Co. is a patient at Mercy Hospital suffering from two fractured vertebrae received from a recent fall on the ice. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Burt Markby an employee at the Grayling Box Co. is a patient at Mercy Hospital suffering from injuries of the back as a result of a fall. He fell seven feet between a box car and the side of the mill Tuesday afternoon.

Thomas Yull of Vanderbilt was found dead in his car 3 miles west of Vanderbilt Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The cause of his death was given as heart disease. Mr. Yull was a well known lumberman of Northern Michigan and has been a resident of Vanderbilt for many years.

Grayling Post No. 106 at their regular meeting Monday night talked over matters pertaining to the district convention that is to be held here on the 14th. The Woman's Auxiliary also held a meeting the same evening, making plans for the banquet they are to serve at that time. Following the meeting coffee, sandwiches and cake were enjoyed.

Walter Johnson, clerk at the A. & P. store, while on his way to work Wednesday morning met with an accident. About three miles south of Grayling his car collided with a truck that was parked on the wrong side of the road. He received some bad bruises to his face and his left knee was injured. Three men in the truck were from Flint. The Johnson car was badly damaged.

Miss Margaret Bauman was hostess at a family dinner at Shoppington Inn Saturday evening. The affair was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hanson who celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on that day. Following the dinner the guests went to the Rialto theatre and then to the home of Miss Bauman where the remainder of the evening was spent playing bridge. Prizes were won by Mrs. Eberne Hanson, Mr. Oscar Hanson and Eberne Hanson, Jr.

Be in time for the preliminaries tomorrow night. You'll get a lot of kick out of the Go-Getter-High School football game, and the other preliminary between youngsters of the ages of 7 to 11 is bound to be interesting. The Razalls are none other than Junior McNamara, Dick Reynolds, Jimmie Thompson, Ted Nelson, and Donnie Bobenmoyer, while the All Stars boast of such men as Bob Welch, Eddie Olson, Bill Kraus, John Henry Peterson and Carl Henry Nelson. Dads of several of these youngsters have starred on either High School or All City teams on the local court.

Grayling High School and Cheboygan High School will contest for honors in basketball on the local court tomorrow night. Cheboygan won from Grayling by but six points on their own floor and so the locals hope to avenge the defeat. Cheboygan boasts of a star player, Johnny McClellan, three-year All Northern forward, and a clever quartet to help him. There will be two good preliminaries when the Michigan Avenue Go-Getters and the High School faculty will clash, and the Razalls and the All Stars will make their initial appearances. The first game will be called at 7:30 o'clock.

At a court hearing held in Roscommon recently, conducted by Capt. Laurence A. Lyon of the Michigan Department of Public Safety, the blame for the accident that occurred on October 12 in which Miss Faye Matheson received injuries which caused her death at Grayling Mercy hospital a month later, and in which Ernest Larson and Mrs. Ruth Ward were so severely injured, was placed on Herbert Nelson. After taking testimony of several witnesses, Capt. Lyon recommended the suspension of Mr. Nelson's operator's and driver's licenses for one month. The court, however, in view of the fact that Mr. Nelson was under the influence of liquor at the time of the accident, ordered that he be suspended for three months. The court also ordered that he be fined \$100.00 for driving while intoxicated.

Shel Krone is in Detroit this week on business.

Mrs. Edith LaMotte had as her guests over the week end Frank Olds and Bud Tisdale of Midland.

The Ladies Aid society of Michigan Memorial church will meet at the home of Mrs. Oscar Hanson Friday afternoon.

If your clothes aren't becoming to you, they had better be coming to us. Cripps Cleaning Service, Phone 133.

Mrs. Lorane Sparkes drove to Ann Arbor Tuesday morning. She was accompanied as far as Lansing by Mrs. M. A. Bates.

Come in and see our specials, 3 cans for 25c of best grade peas, tomatoes, corn, beans; large size cans. Conine's Grocery.

Sigwald Hanson of Mt. Pleasant spent a few days here visiting at the home of his mother Mrs. J. K. Hanson, the latter who is ill.

Mrs. Wm. McNeven of Mackinaw City spent the week end in Detroit. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Nadine McNeven.

Free, a 12-inch basting spoon with every cash purchase of lard, 3 lbs. for 25c, Saturday at Conine's Grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bugby enjoyed having as their guests over the week end Alfred Markwart of Saginaw and Eugene Porter of Flint.

Word from Rogers City announces the birth of a son Bernard Francis to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bader. Mrs. Bader was formerly Ethel Parsons.

Ladies Goldette undies, values up to \$1.95 for \$1.00, Saturday and Monday, Feb. 6 and 8, at Cooley's Gift Shop.

Oliver Cody speared a Great Northern pike Wednesday afternoon at Lake Margrethe. It weighed 15 pounds and measured 39 1/2 inches in length.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Sherman spent Sunday in Kalkaska at the home of Fred Schruer and also visited Mr. and Mrs. Merrill Sherman and family in Mancelona.

Earl Gierke was home from Central State Teachers College, Mt. Pleasant, spending the week end at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Gierke.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Jamieson and family of Cadillac spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herliuf Sorenson. Mrs. Jamieson is a sister of Mrs. Sorenson.

Dr. McEwan of Bay City spent Sunday visiting friends here. He was accompanied home by Miss Marjorie Woods who had been a guest for the week of Miss Fern Armstrong.

Elmer Rasmussen and daughter Phyllis drove up from Marlette and spent the week end visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rasmussen. The occasion was the old gentleman's birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Emil Niederer entertained with two tables of 500 at her home Wednesday evening. Mrs. Chas. Fehr held high score and Mrs. Elmer Matson received consolation. Later in the evening the hostess served a delicious lunch.

Mr. and Mrs. Clair Smith enjoyed having as their guests over the week end the former's brother, Carl Smith and Miss Julia Beres of Lansing. Miss Betty Smith accompanied them home to spend the week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Smith.

Owing to the Winter Sports ball being held on Friday evening, Feb. 12, the basketball game scheduled to be played on that date between Grayling and Gaylord High schools will be played on the evening previous, Thursday, Feb. 11.

Petoskey is all set to hold their fifth annual mid-winter carnival, sponsored by the Petoskey Winter Sports Club Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Festivities start this noon with a reindeer dinner served at the Hotel Perry and they present a very fine program of events for the two remaining days.

The Bridge club was entertained by Mrs. C. C. Clippert Tuesday afternoon at a very charming luncheon. Candelabra with gleaming black tapera centered the long table at which the guests found their places. Mrs. Holger Peterson held the high score. Mrs. Louise Conine was a guest of the club.

The Misses Virginia and Matilde Engel entertained some of their schoolmates at a week end party at the Wah-Wah-Sum club on the An-Sable. The guests included the Misses Ardith Dunham, Elaine McDonald, Ellen Wolcott, and Yvonne LaGrow. The young ladies enjoyed skating and other out-door sports.

The benefit bridge given by one division of the Woman's Club of which Mrs. LaVere Coulman is chairman, was held at the Board of Trade rooms Thursday evening. Some ten tables were filled for the game. Mrs. Oscar Schumann, and Mr. Holger Schmidt holding high scores. The committee realized about twenty dollars from the affair.

Honoring Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Larba, recent newweds, their friends gave them a home warming last Saturday evening. The young couple are residing for the present in the Clark cottage located on the Ashland river and the ground of about twenty-five acres. A place of some importance, the cottage is a very pleasant affair.

Young People's League The Epworth league got its name from the name of the town in Lincolnshire, England, which was the birthplace of John Wesley, founder of Methodism. This Epworth league was held in Grayling, Mich. in 1929, that of a month of preparation of a strong young people's league.

New! . . . for Spring

Ladies' new
Phyllis Frocks

Sold only by the best stores in the country—fast colors, prints, linens and broadcloths,

95c and \$1.95

Winter Sports Togs

Get your Winter Sports Togs now. Final clearance of Ski Suits and Jackets at

1-3 off

Knitted Suits for Spring

2- and 3-piece suits—new colors and styles

\$5.75

New Slip-Over Sweaters with Puff Sleeves **\$1.95**

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store — Phone 125

Mrs. Marius Hanson is spending a few days in Detroit.

Dr. and Mrs. C. R. Keyport returned from Jackson and Detroit Friday.

Grayling Chapter O.E.S. No. 83 will hold their regular meeting on Wednesday evening, Feb. 10.

Billy Brennan of Detroit is visiting at the home of his uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. Jake Letzky.

Something for nothing with every cash purchase of lard, 3 lbs. for 25c. A 12-inch basting spoon at Conine's Grocery.

Mrs. J. K. Hanson is quite ill at her home. Her daughter Mrs. C. C. Westcott of Ypsilanti arrived yesterday owing to her illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorane Douglas of Saginaw spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Douglas' mother, Mrs. Ellen Failing of Beaver Creek.

Mrs. Alex LaGrow and son Wesley were in Standish Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. LaGrow's niece, Mrs. Florence Kieley.

Come in and see our specials, 3 cans for 25c of best grade peas, tomatoes, corn, beans; large size cans. Conine's Grocery.

Mrs. Frank Bearsch has arrived from Milwaukee to join the Doctor. They have rented an apartment at Burkes and will soon be at home.

The Woman's Home Missionary society will meet with Mrs. H. J. Salmon at the M. E. parsonage next Wednesday afternoon, February 10.

FEB. 28 LAST DAY TO PAY DOG TAX

February 28th will be the last day for paying dog tax, after which there will be a penalty to pay. Payments should be made to the County Treasurer, Wm. Ferguson.

Taking Chances The teacher of the history class had been telling her pupils of the ancient Roman custom in which the bridegroom lifted the bride over the threshold to prevent her stumbling and bringing bad luck.

Just at that moment the bell rang and the class wit, who happened to be a favorite with the teacher, panned at the desk to pass his customary remarks.

"Gosh!" he exclaimed, "it'd be tough on him if he got a heavy woman!"

Rare Opportunity A Butler maid's date was waiting patiently for the fair one to put the finishing touches on her toilet when the younger brother appeared and said:

"I'm going to the drug store to buy me a new lip stick. Don't you want to come along and pick out your favorite flavor?"—Indianapolis News

Young People's League The Epworth league got its name from the name of the town in Lincolnshire, England, which was the birthplace of John Wesley, founder of Methodism. This Epworth league was held in Grayling, Mich. in 1929, that of a month of preparation of a strong young people's league.

Winter Carnival at Grayling—Feb. 12, 13, 14

Attractions CROWNING OF QUEEN BY GOV. BRUCKER. PROGRAM OF SPORTS CONTESTS. MANY OTHER ATTRACTIONS. THREE TOBOGGAN SLIDES—1860 feet. SKATING RINK—85 x 275 feet. SKI JUMP—Semi-Professional. BOB SLED RUN—Half mile. SNOW SHOEING. POWER TOBOGGAN CONVEYOR. SCENIC TOWER.

NEW LOCATION. NEW CLUB HOUSE. ELECTRIC LIGHTED. ELECTRIC FLOOD LIGHTS. LUNCHEONS SERVED AT CLUB HOUSE. TOBOGGANS, SKIS AND SNOW SHOES FOR RENT AT PARK. ALL PRICES ARE REASONABLE.

PHONE NO. 1, GRAYLING, FOR ALL INFORMATION.

Fossil Remains Blamed for Defects in Teeth

It is a long call from the mastodons—giant elephants that roamed over North America 50,000 years ago—to the teeth of Arizona school children, but there appears to be a clear connection as reported from the Arizona experiment station of the Department of Agriculture.

A large number of the inhabitants of the village of St. David, Ariz., had a peculiar condition of the teeth known as mottled enamel. This was found in every person whose permanent teeth had been erupted in the locality. It was finally traced to the drinking water, mostly obtained from artesian wells.

Analysis showed this water to contain an abnormal amount of the chemical element fluorine. The deeper the wells the less fluorine.

Further research in the vicinity revealed deposits of fossilized mastodon bones and tusks. This contained considerable quantities of the rare element. The conclusion was that the long dead animals constituted at least one source of the impurity in the water that affected the children's teeth with a presumably incurable defect.—Detroit News.

Old Grecian Phrase

"The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceedingly small," is an old Greek aphorism which was put in its present form by Friedrich von Logun, a German epigrammatist, whose works were translated by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.

Niels Nielsen

Upholstering and Furniture Repairing. All kinds of Carpenter Work.



THE HANDIRAC

Have you got one?

A useful household article. Folds against the wall when not in use.

Phone 124 R

WEEK END \$1 SALE

SAT. AND MON., FEB. 6 AND 8

- Children's Brother & Sister wool Jersey suits, \$1.50 value \$1.00
- Girl's Pantie Dresses, fast colors, 2 for . . \$1.00
- Girls and Boys Sweaters, value to \$1.95 . \$1.00
- Goldette Bloomers or Panties, 79c value, 2 pair \$1.00
- Goldette Ladies Vests, value 75c, 2 for . . \$1.00
- Goldette Milanese Silk Non-Run Bloomers, \$1.50 value \$1.00
- Goldette Combination, Non-Run \$1.95 value \$1.00

—AT—

INCREASING TAXATION

(Continued from first page)

be, unless it can be enacted into statute or made a part of our fundamental law it isn't worth the paper it's written upon. There seems to be several schools of thought on this subject of taxation reform; one school is seeking new sources to tax; another is seeking methods to shift the increasing burden from one class of property or persons to another; another wants to consolidate units and centralize government higher up and so on along the line. None of them seem to be getting anywhere and the reason is that no one wants to stop spending—that is none of the tax spenders; and that's the class that we are getting most of our suggestions from—they want to keep up the outgo but see to extract it in such a manner that the operation will not hurt the taxpayer enough to cause him to squeal.

I have been asked to make this paper as practical as possible; to draw upon my experience with municipalities and public officials and suggest, if I have any suggestion, some ideas that the newspaper publishers of this association might seize upon as a basis for a determined movement to bring about a change in our taxing system.

With the old injunction that "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread," staring me in the face, I am going to hazard some suggestions, not as positive assertions of what must be done but as one man's ideas of what will lead to betterment and at the same time not revolutionize our governmental practices to such an extent as to create an opposition from those who believe in proceeding cautiously from the known to the unknown.

In the first place I am opposed to any new form of taxation until the amount that may be assessed upon real estate is definitely pegged by constitutional limitation. I do not favor a constitutional limitation in what may be called a "lump sum." If limitation comes, as I hope it will, it should come in a form that will limit the amount that each taxing unit may assess against the real and personal property for its own purposes. This I will explain more fully later.

I believe that the highway maintenance and construction should be centered in and confined to two agencies, the state which should have entire control and actually do the work of constructing and maintaining the state and federal trunk lines, and the county which should have charge of and actually do the work of construction and maintenance of all of the other highways including the connecting county trunk lines including primary and secondary extensions in the cities.

It is my opinion that all of the money collected from the weight tax should go back to the counties excepting that collected from trucks and busses that do commercial hauling and confine their activities to one main trunk highway. The automobile is taken off the local tax roll and communities, including cities have an interest in the weight tax. The gasoline tax and the weight tax from the commercial vehicles that I have described should go to the state highway department. These funds should be the only ones applied to highway construction and maintenance.

I believe that every city whose charter does not now contain a tax limitation clause should be compelled to insert such a clause. I think you will agree with me that real estate ought not to be entirely relieved from taxation. It is the basis of our wealth, gets its protection from government, was the basis of governmental support from the beginning and is now the wealth factor of much of our population. The question is: what proportion should it pay and how it may be protected from paying more than its share.

That being the question let us proceed to make an inquiry into these matters. In my opinion the proportion that real estate property should pay is that which is necessary for administration of the political set-up of the state such as administration, maintaining the peace and servicing real property to the extent of insuring its continued protection and the right of the owner to the peaceful possession of his property.

To my mind the only positive safeguard to insure real property immunity from paying more than its share of the cost of government is by constitutional limitation and so that this limitation may be just to each of the subdivisions of the state and not gobbled by one to the detriment of the other it is my opinion that the limitation should be within the subdivision, not in the state as a whole. That brings me to a discussion of taxation in the individual units.

FIRST, THE TOWNSHIP: You see I am not in favor of abolishing the township. It's all very well for Prof. Reed to talk as he did at the University Press Club about the uselessness of township government but until he shows me where the interests of the people in the locality can be protected and the administration of affairs conducted cheaper by removing the government from the people to a distance, I will cling to the methods that Michigan has tried and which have served so well in the days gone by. It is true that township government needs an overhauling, but I warn you who come from the rural sections that when you surrender your right of regional representation and direction of your own immediate affairs you are surrendering a heritage and you will regret it later. Township government, even in this automobile age, has its uses and should be preserved but amended in its form so as to bring it up to the times.

I would take away from the town-

ship all activities excepting representation, assessment and collection of taxes and the few necessary local administration functions such as cemeteries, fire protection, elections and other matters that are purely local. I would abolish the offices of justice of the peace, constable, and board of review, and have three officials in the township, the supervisor, clerk and treasurer. The supervisor should represent the township on the county board and, so long as the state retains the tax commission, he should be the assessing officer. The clerk should have the ordinary clerical work of the township to perform and the treasurer should collect the taxes on a fee basis regulated by the amount collected.

All activities such as public health, care of the indigent and other functions that are now the source of much duplication between county and township should be taken from the township and centered in the county; the highway activity has, under my plan, already been moved.

To take care of the necessary expenses of the township I would suggest a constitutional limitation for taxation purposes of from 1-10 to 1/2 of one percent of the assessed valuation and I would fix the graduation in the constitution.

DEPT. OF STATE

STATE NEWS BULLETIN

Probably the oldest licensed automobile driver in the United States lives in Michigan.

The Department of State recently issued a driver's license to Thomas Gordon's age, was received, at first. When the application giving Mr. Gordon's age was received, at first it was thought a mistake had been made. Then because of his advanced age, he was asked to demonstrate to state police that he could control an automobile. They reported that he was as adept a driver as the "average man of 60."

Because of the difference in the cost between copper and steel, the department does not feel justified in using copper for the 1933 license plates, therefore making it necessary to continue with the 24 gauge steel material. Plates for 1931 and 1932 cost the department 15c per set but the department is in hopes to reduce this cost for 1933 plates to 10c per set.

Estimates from various copper companies show that copper plates would cost from 17c to 19c per set. The additional cost of copper for the 1,350,000 sets which will be needed for 1933 is too great to be disregarded even though the department desires to aid Michigan copper mines.

While the department has shown a decided preference for a 1933 plate with a white background and black numerals, final decision is not to be made until after ranking police officials in several Michigan cities have been consulted. The order for the 1933 plates will be placed in about 30 days.

FREDERIC NEWS

Mrs. Laura Wallace is a happy grandma again a daughter being born to her daughter Mrs. Mable Quick in Detroit.

Sidney Barber is like a blind horse, stepping mightily high, all because Elroy's have a new baby girl.

Just think how James Tobin is enjoying himself cheating it, since his father sent him one weighing 33 pounds. His friends have helped him sample it and pronounced it good.

Mr. David Flagg has been making spears to sell. They are fine and do good work when in the right hands.

Last Wednesday morning a great noise causing a commotion and a lot of fright was Jim Tobin's chimney on fire. Nothing serious happened.

Men who have not worked for a long time are getting their muscles turned up for the new road work that has been promised to start for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. McClellan are taking a vacation at Pontiac.

Harry Higgins, the Postmaster has bought Mr. Jungman's Graham-Paige car so now girls get your smile on.

John Malco, considering the hard times, has decided to sell a No. 1 milk for 6 cents a quart. Cash and carry.

It was the correspondent's mistake last week. Mrs. Sam Weaver is not Mrs. Dunkley's sister, but an old friend from Durand.

GABBY GERTIE



"It isn't necessary to speak French in Paris—one just points at the label."

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Japan's Military Seizure of Shanghai Creates Dangerous Situation—China Demands Forcible Steps by League of Nations.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

MORE trouble for the world develops in the Orient. Japan, pushing her campaign to put an end to the anti-Japanese boycott in China and

with the added provocation of riotous demonstrations against her Nationalists in Shanghai, assembled 24 warships at that great port, and the military occupation of the city was begun by a force of about 3,000 marines. To protect the foreign settlement, four regiments of Japanese marines and several battalions of British troops were standing by, and warships of those nations were hurrying to the scene.

Meanwhile, before the council of the League of Nations in Geneva, Dr. W. W. Yen, the Chinese minister to the United States, set forth his country's side of the controversy and demanded that the council enforce the league covenant without delay. In Washington President Hoover and Secretary of State Stimson were considering what America might do in the crisis. They proposed to Great Britain that the two nations apply economic embargoes on exports to trade with Japan, but the MacDonald government seemed reluctant to do anything more than to dispatch warships for the protection of the international settlement.

The mayor of Shanghai had yielded to the Japanese demands, but new demands were put forward and immediate thereafter the Japanese marines were landed and proceeded to seize the Chinese quarter. As they swept through the district they encountered the desperate resistance of several thousands of Chinese troops, who were brought to the city and Chinese were thoroughly bombed. Confagurations nearly destroyed the densely populated quarter and the fatalities were undoubtedly heavy. The bloody battle continued for hours and at one time the Chinese defenders had recaptured the important north railroad station. The Japanese had previously made their way across the Whangpoo river to Pootung, site of big Japanese cotton mills, and evidently intended to advance further into Chinese territory. Also they had shelled and occupied Woosung, the port at the mouth of the Whangpoo. Their warships at the same time had gone on the Yangtze and three cruisers were lying off Nanjing ready to shell that capital city. The Chinese Nationalist government was badly mobilizing all its strength and calling on the League of Nations for help. Chiang Kai-shek, former president, was made premier and apparently was virtually the dictator.

WHAT course the United States government would follow was uncertain, but the stiffening of its policy toward Japanese encroachments was indicated by the sending of four more warships to Chinese waters from Manila. They were destroyers and their presence was requested by Rear Admiral Y. S. Williams, commander of the Yangtze patrol.

Secretary Stimson cable to Tokyo asking the intentions of Japan and received what was called a reassuring reply, but it was stated in Washington that President Hoover was proceeding on the theory that Japan would be violating international law if she landed troops on Chinese soil for any purpose but the protection of Japanese Nationals and their property.

Russia came into the picture again when Japan asked permission to use the Chinese Eastern railway in Manchuria to transport troops to Harbin, where Chinese soldiers were marauding. Russia flatly refused the request, stating it intended to observe neutrality.

WHEN the league council had heard both Dr. W. W. Yen and Naotake Sato, the Japanese delegates, Joseph Paul-Boncour, who replaced Briand as chairman, warned Japan to go easy at Nankai. He admitted that the situation was grave. Yen not only relies on the nine-power treaty and the Kellogg pact, but he also threatened to invoke Article XV of the league covenant, which is followed by Article XVI and the latter is the one that provides for sanctions against nations that resort to war. Furthermore, "war" might well be made to cover such operations as those of the Japanese against the so-called Chinese bandits. Some of the nations in the league are mighty timid in the matter of sanctions. Yen in his talk took a stronger position than the Chinese have previously taken before the council and his characterization of the acts of Japan was forcible and uncompromising. He complained, too, about the slowness in the formation of the league's commission of inquiry and in its getting to Manchuria, where it will not arrive until April.

HAVING abandoned the reparations conference in Lausanne, France and Great Britain are still trying to solve the problem without the aid of the United States. Premier Laval in conversation with Lord Tyrrell, British ambassador, suggested a temporary plan, calling for a moratorium on reparations until after the American elections. The moratorium would expire before December 15 when the next French payment to the United States is due.

After the French elections in May and before expiration of the new moratorium a conference would be called at Lausanne or elsewhere to negotiate a permanent agreement. Such a plan would be in line with the

American attitude that Germany's reparations creditors agree among themselves before the question of adjusting war debts is broached.

ONE notable result of the whole Manchurian affair is the announced determination of Sir Eric Drummond to relinquish, early next year, his position as secretary general of the League of Nations. He has held that office since the days of the peace conference and has been a most important figure in the organization. Several governments sharply criticized the secretary general because of the extreme position taken by the league at the beginning of the Manchurian imbroglio, and some diplomats accused Sir Eric of trying to force the powers into committing themselves to action in defense of the covenant which might have led to war with Japan.

Sir Eric was evidently disgusted with what he considered the weak action of the league council, especially at the Paris session, and felt that the league had suffered great loss of prestige. The other league officials do not wish to lose his services and it was considered possible they might prevail on him to change his mind about resigning. This, however, seemed likely only if the council would take a sterner attitude toward Japan.

SEVERE loss was sustained by both the business and the sporting world in the death of William Wrigley, Jr., which occurred at his winter home in Phoenix, Ariz. The Chicago capitalist, known universally as the magnate of chewing gum and the owner of the Chicago Cubs of the National Baseball league, had many other and varied interests, including banks, mines, real estate, projects and the moving picture industry. Born in Germantown, Pa., 70 years ago, he ran away at the age of eleven and started business in New York as a newsboy. In 1891 he went to Chicago and formed his own company, which soon began the manufacture of chewing gum and was vastly successful.

All his varied enterprises resulted in bringing Mr. Wrigley a great fortune. Estimates by his associates ranged anywhere from \$30,000,000 to \$100,000,000. He was the majority stockholder in the \$68,000,000 William Wrigley Jr. company, whose earnings in 1930 exceeded \$12,000,000.

WHATsoever may be the final outcome, Lieut. Thomas H. Massie of the American navy, his mother-in-law, Mrs. Granville Fortescue, and E. J. Lord and Albert O. Jones, will not have to pay the death penalty for the killing of Joseph Kahane in Honolulu, a suspected attacker of Mrs. Massie. The four defendants in the sensational case were indicted by the grand jury in Honolulu, but the charge is second degree murder, the penalty for which is 20 years to life imprisonment.

A transcript of proceedings of the grand jury indicated that body attempted to make a report earlier and that Circuit Judge Cristy refused it. The transcript revealed he pleaded with them to "lay aside race prejudice" to consider crimes as defined by statutes, not as defined by individuals.

Cristy repeatedly told the grand jurors that whether the accused four should be punished for killing the Hawaiian was a question for the trial jury to decide. The defense attacked the indictment on the ground that the grand jury was coerced by the judge.

DARTMOOR penitentiary, the historic English prison near Plymouth, was the scene of a violent mutiny in which more than 300 convicts fought desperately all one day with the guards and police. The rioters, who were enraged because no sugar was served with their porridge, burned the principal buildings before they were subdued. There were no fatalities, but 96 of the prisoners were wounded.

CUBA's financial affairs were aired before the senate finance committee and it was revealed that a son-in-law of President Machado had a part in a loan of \$50,000,000 made by the Chase National bank to that country. Carl J. Schmidlapp, a vice president of the bank, said \$500,000 had gone to Jose Ordoñez as an official of the Chase company's Cuban branch for distribution to the banks that took part in the loan. He said the relative of the Cuban president had only a minor part in negotiating the loan and denied he was employed for that purpose.

Herbert B. Brown, chief of the United States bureau of efficiency, testified that a report he had made of conditions in Panama had been changed by officials of the National City bank. He said his report had pointed out a way by which the country could avoid borrowing, but that the bank went ahead and loaned it \$4,000,000.

HUEY LONG of Louisiana finally abandoned the governor's chair and went to Washington with his pink

pajamas and took the oath of senator. Correspondents and visitors to the National Capital anticipate that his presence in the upper chamber will provide many interesting incidents. Before being sworn in Senator Long told interviewers that the Democratic party was sure to lose if it nominated Franklin Roosevelt for President, but could not be beaten if its choice was either Pat Harrison, Robinson or Garner. His fourth choice, he said, was Al Smith. He asserted that prohibition is not a party issue and should have no place in a platform.

Back in Louisiana Paul N. Cyr for the second time took the oath of office as governor and prepared to file suit to oust Alvin O. King, named by Long as governor when he went to Washington. Mr. King occupied the executive offices in Baton Rouge and had heavy guards stationed there.

CHARLES G. DAWES, president of the Reconstruction Finance corporation, and Eugene Meyer, chairman of the board, were busy getting ready to start the machinery of the huge concern, and the senate committee on banking had before it the names of two Democrats appointed members of the board by President Hoover. They were Harvey G. Couch of Arkansas and Jesse H. Jones of Texas.

Final approval of Eugene Meyer's \$500,000,000 treasury reconstruction corporation was given in both branches of congress to a report reconciling the different provisions of the aseptic and house.

Both political parties were supporting the text item on the President's program, which was to give aid to depositors in closed banks through a corporation to make loans on sound but unliquid assets in those institutions. Two bills were under consideration, one drafted by Republicans and providing merely for the establishment of this corporation, and the other introduced by Senator Glass directed mainly at overhauling the country's banking system.

REAR ADMIRAL MOFFETT, chief of the naval bureau of aeronautics, told the house naval committee that the aircraft Akron was far superior to any other aircraft ever built; and immediately afterward E. C. Davidson, general secretary of the International Association of Machinists, related to the committee the story of how an investigation of the materials used in the Akron which two men, charged with faulty led to the dismissal of the men by the Goodyear company.

Many defects were left in the Akron according to the two men, E. C. Davidson, an inspector, and W. B. Underwood, a workman. Admiral Moffett denied the allegation, made in a letter, that the Akron would "collapse from her own weight" if forced to land without a mooring mast. He said the aircraft could carry five small or four large airplanes, which would not need wheels because they are handled by trapeze arrangement on their upper wings.

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On the other side of the world, in Kashmir, thousands of Moslems were reported to be looting and burning the homes of Hindus, and the maharajah appealed to the British for help.

Disturbances continued in Spain, where the government was confronted with an attempt to set up a proletarian dictatorship. The decree, dissolving the Jesuits of Spain was put into effect and the property of the order confiscated.

FIFTY-SIX men perished when the British submarine M2 went down near Portland and failed to come up again. It was reported that the vessel exploded.

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POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE
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ODD THINGS AND NEW—By Lane Bode



FINAL EFFORT TO SAVE THE GRAYLING

In a final effort to save the few remaining Grayling definitely known to exist in Michigan the Conservation Commission has closed about five miles of the Otter River in Houghton County to all fishing. The five mile stretch includes the waters in which the Grayling live. The section closed to all fishing is technically known as that part of the river "down from Manichette Bridge on Section 18, T52N, R34W to the mouth of the West Branch on Section 6, T61N, R34W."

In 1928 the entire Otter River was closed to fishing. The following year a person named Grayling was found in the Otter River which was known to exist at that time.

The department hopes that by keeping all fishermen from the area, the Grayling remaining in the stream will be given all possible protection.

Several years ago a party from the department, armed about 120 Grayling from the stream and planted them in certain waters in the southern peninsula. Apparently the plants were not successful, although some reports have been received during the past two years that Grayling had been observed in the White River and in Silver Creek, a tributary.

During the past summer the department also received reports that some Grayling had been observed in Portage Lake at the mouth of the Sturgeon River. Since Otter River empties into Otter Lake, which in turn feeds the Sturgeon River it is considered possible that some Grayling may have reached Portage Lake from the Otter River.

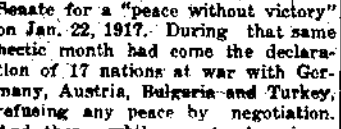
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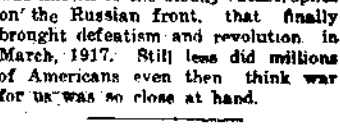
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